

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

FOURTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1916.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

ON SALE JANUARY 18

250 pairs Women's Shoes, .98, \$1.48, \$1.98.
150 pairs Men's Shoes, .98, \$1.48, \$1.98.
50 pairs Children's Shoes, 68, 93.
200 Men's Shirts for Dress and Everyday Wear, .38, 63, \$1.08.
200 Men's Hats, .98, \$1.48.
50 Umbrellas Special at 98c
25 Men's and Boy's S. e. s. t. e. r. s. S. p. e. c. i. a. l. l. y P. r. i. c. e. d.

Ladies' rubbers 28, sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 Men's rubbers, All sizes 38c. Substantial reductions on warm lined shoes, for caps and gloves, winter underwear, sweaters etc. etc. A limited time only, Sale begins Tuesday, JANUARY 18

NO GOODS ON APPROVAL - CASH ONLY

ECKERT'S : STORE

"On The Square"

PHOTOPLAY

BILLY JOINS THE NAVY.....LUBIN COMEDY
With BILLIE REEVES in the lead. The scenes were taken aboard the battleship Alabama.

THE GOOD IN THE WORST OF US.....VITAGRAPH
In protecting his wife from a companion of former days, a young husband's life is saved by the police. With HARRY MOREY.

THE TALE OF A TIRE.....ESSANAY COMEDY
BRONCIO BILLY AND THE LUMBER KING.....ESSANAY DRAMA
Featuring G. M. Anderson and Marguerite Clayton.
SHOW STARTS AT 6:30. ADMISSION 5 CENTS

Continuous
from
6.30 to 11 p.m.

WALTER'S THEATRE

Admission
5 cents

The House of Quality Photo Plays

THE ETERNAL FEMINE.....SELIG DRAMA
IN TWO PARTS FEATURING VIVIAN REED
THE KNIVES AND THE KNIGHT.....KALEM COMEDY
WITH RUDY DUNCAN AND ETHEL TAYLOR IN THE LEAD
LOST IN THE SWIM.....MUNA COMEDY
PATHE DAILY NEWS.....No. 10
MONDAY NIGHT.....Blanche Sweet in one of her greatest plays "The Secret Ordeal"

VICTROLA PURCHASER

Did you ever stop to think of the benefit of buying your Victor from your home dealer, when any little thing gets wrong or it needs grease all you need do is telephone us and we send a man right to your house and fix it. Can you do this with dealers away off from home?

Think this over, then come in and see a full line of the Victors \$15.00 to \$300

AT

The Peoples' Drug Store

AUTOMOBILISTS !

Don't take the Chance of Letting Your Radiator Freeze.

The best and cheapest Anti-Freezing Solution is DE-NATURED ALCOHOL.

Get it at.

Bigham's Hardware Store,
BIGLERVILLE.

FOR RENT: storeroom and flat; 5 rooms and bath. No. 3, York street. Also rooms in Stallsmith Building. Apply at Stallsmith's News Stand.—advertisement 1

CALL the Centre Square Garage for Ecker's taxi. Both phones.—advertisement 1

CLEAN-UP sale, winter hats less than cost. Miss Hollebaugh, 18 Baltimore street.—advertisement 1

Feb. 4—Basket Ball. Juniata. College Gymnasium.

LARGE ONE

Over Four Hundred Pounds Weight of this Hog.

Frank Bricker, of Table Rock, killed two hogs on Tuesday, the larger one of which weighed 435 pounds.

APARTMENT on second floor of Duncan house, Baltimore street, will be for rent April 1st. C. S. Duncan.

WANTED: woman, as assistant cook. Good wages. Apply at Hotel Gettysburg.—advertisement 1

MADE LONG PLEAS IN LICENSE CASES

Took Night Session and this Morning to Complete Two York Springs Matters. Hotel Washington Next.

The entire morning session of liquor license court was taken up with the pleas of the attorneys, in the York Springs cases, and no decision has as yet been announced by the Court.

John D. Keith Esq. concluded the case for the remonstrants speaking against the granting of license at either hotel and arguing against any apparent necessity. William Hersh Esq. followed, speaking for an hour and a half for the license at the lower hotel, and advancing its claims as against those of the Central Hotel. Upon his conclusion, J. Donald Swops Esq. presented arguments to support the contention that, if only one license were to be granted, the Central should be chosen.

There was nothing in the deliberations of the entire morning session to indicate the trend of the cases with the exception of a remark of the Court that "the previous granting of a license is a fact tending to show necessity."

The case against the granting of license to Oliver Kleinfelter at the Washington Hotel, Gettysburg, was the first taken up this afternoon.

Charles B. Tate was the first witness called. He is owner of the hotel and testified that he visited the place frequently but never saw Klinefelter sell to a drunken man. He admitted that, at the time of negro excursions, the place became disorderly but denied knowledge any infractions of the law. John D. Keith Esq. in cross examining him mentioned the names of a number of well known men about town, asking him whether or not he would sell liquor to them. Mr. Tate's examination was continued at length.

In the case of the Central Hotel at York Springs, heard Friday afternoon, a large number of witnesses were called to testify as to the necessity for one or for two hotels, or for no licensed place at all in that borough. C. T. Lerew is the owner of Central Hotel and Irvin E. Weaver the man asking license. The same general questions were put to the witnesses in the other York Springs case, that of the York Springs Hotel, owned by Abe Trattner, of York, and conducted by Charles A. Hamilton.

The witnesses in the case of the Central Hotel varied in their testimony, some declaring one licensed place necessary while others said that there was no necessity for any license in the town. In the other petition there was a noticeable increase in those who felt that two licenses were required.

Various reasons were given to support this latter view. Some held that on "big days" in the town one bar room could not supply the trade, one witness said "competition was the life of trade," while another blamed the decrease in the business of the town on the fact that there was but one licensed hotel there, and that a second hotel would bring back to the merchants people who were now trading in Biglerville. The attorneys for the petitioners made a special point of showing that there was no hotel licensed within six miles of York Springs, that the next one was eight miles away and the third nine miles distant.

Mr. Hamilton, the petitioner for the "lower" hotel, made some damaging admissions when he was put on the stand. He stated among other things that, when he was eating his meals, his wife and twenty year old son sometimes tended bar, and indicated that he would sell to a man, known to drink to excess, if he would come to his bar sober. Mr. Hersh, his attorney, secured a negative answer to this question when he again took charge of the witness. Mr. Hamilton told of selling to several men whom the attorneys for the remonstrants endeavored to prove were men of known intemperate habits.

Several persons testified that Mr. Hamilton was careful in his selling and that there was less disorder since he had the hotel than for many years. It was brought out in the other case that the name of the man to conduct the Central Hotel was not in the petition when some of the signers affixed

(Continued on Third Page)

BUTCHER GAVE SHORT WEIGHT

Say Officials who Brought Action against East Berlin Man for not Giving Enough Sausage. Must Answer.

Information has been made in York by Sealer of Weights and Measures Charles F. Borgel, charging Robert Shetter, of East Berlin, with falsely weighing sausages and overcharging Mrs. Alma Weichert.

Shetter is a butcher and had been peddling meat in the streets of York. He was suspected for some time of selling his products short weight. Thursday the city sealer and Detective Thad S. Stroman followed Shetter over part of his route and discovered, it is said, that a quantity of sausages which were sold to Mrs. Weichert as a pound lacked one and three-quarter ounces of that weight.

A warrant was then sworn out by the city sealer and placed in the hands of Detective Stroman who notified Shetter to appear before Alderman Owen. He appeared and entered bail for a hearing.

TELL THEM HOW

Suggestions to Farmers on how to Ship their Produce.

The farmer who wishes to sell his products by parcel post, and the housewife who wishes to use this method of securing country produce for her table, will find many useful points in a farmers' bulletin issued by the department and called, "Suggestions For Parcel Post Marketing."

This bulletin, in addition to explaining the postal rates and measurement limits for parcel post matter, discusses in some detail the types of containers which are most successful and the method of grading and packing produce, so that it will reach the consumer in good condition, and be attractive in quality and appearance. In treating standards for parcel post shipments, the bulletin tells how to select, handle and pack poultry and how to grade and pack the various fruits and vegetables which the average farmer is likely to market through the post office.

The bulletin points out that one of the common obstacles to establishing parcel post communication between farmer and consumer is that the farmer may be unwilling to offer goods at a price which attracts the customer, or that the consumer may offer a price lower than the farmer can obtain at a local market. To quote the bulletin: "Not only must the farmer have something additional to the usual price to compensate him for the extra work, container and postage required, but the consumer must also have something to attract him to marketing by parcel post. In determining what the price shall be, both the farm price and the retail price paid by the consumer when he markets in the ordinary way should be taken into consideration. The consumer must receive either a better article at the usual retail price or an article of the grade usually purchased at some concession in price."

"It is probable that the point which will make the strongest appeal to the average consumer is that he can secure by parcel post a fresher, brighter, more attractive and thus possibly a better product than he can obtain otherwise."

MANY WANT TREES

But they are not for Shade or Ornamental Purposes.

Since the Department of Forestry announced several weeks ago that it would give away 1,500,000 seedlings free of charge to those who will use them for reforesting, requests have been received for over 1,250,000 trees.

Many of those who ask for trees are under the mistaken impression that large trees suitable for street and lawn, or ornamental planting will be given. This is not the case. The trees are from the State's forest tree nurseries, and are from one to three years old, and from six to eighteen inches in total length. They are of the same size and species, mostly white pine and Norway spruce, as those the Department uses for planting on the State Forests. Distribution will be made in lots of 500 or over, and the trees are intended only for woods or forest planting.

FIRE DESTROYS LARGE BREWERY

Firm Owning Local Hotel and Bottling Works Suffers Seventy Five Thousand Dollar Loss. Residence Burned.

Fire, which broke out in the third story of the Eagle Run brewing establishment of Fuhrman and Schmidt in Shamokin, late Thursday, virtually destroyed the entire five-story brick structure.

Fuhrman and Schmidt are the owners of the Gettysburg Bottling Works, the Hotel Gettysburg, and several hotels in the Cumberland Valley. Both Mr. Fuhrman and Mr. Schmidt are frequent visitors to Gettysburg, attending to their business interests here.

The total loss is \$75,000, including a large quantity of stock in a number of vats. The plant was partially insured. The brewmaster's home and several other structures nearby also burned, along with contents.

Firemen could not do much work because the pressure of water was too weak. The brewery was one of the oldest in the Shamokin part of the anthracite region.

MANY REQUESTS

Graham Made Liberal Gifts to Institutions of Valley Town.

Every form of activity in his native town of Newville benefits materially by the will of John Graham, who died recently in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, following an operation.

The bulk of his estate, which is estimated at over half a million dollars, is left in trust for his wife. Among the principal bequests are the following: Twenty thousand dollars to the Big Spring Presbyterian Church, of Newville, for improvement purposes; \$10,000 for the re-erection of a building to be known as the "John Graham Public Library," with a maintenance yearly of \$2500; with an additional \$10,000 to secure books; \$100 annually to the Ladies' Aid Society, of Newville, and \$250 annually to provide free pews in the Big Spring Church.

At the death of his wife, \$15,000 is to be spent for the founding of a Y. M. C. A. in Newville, and for the founding of the Newville Hospital he gives \$6000 for a lot, \$30,000 for building and equipment and \$5000 annually as a maintenance fund. Among the minor bequests are one of \$150 annually to the town's fire company, and one of \$100 for prizes in the high school.

ANOTHER BOXING SHOW

McSherrystown Association Arranges Big Bill for Jan. 25th.

One of the greatest boxing shows ever held in this section of Pennsylvania will be staged under the auspices of the McSherrystown Home Association on Tuesday evening, January 25th. The events will be as follows:

Wind-up ten rounds Ford Munger against John Gitt, York's favorite. Semi-wind-up Lew Stinger, of Philadelphia, against "Kid" Herman, champion featherweight of the United States Navy, who fought "Buck" Taylor, at McSherrystown, on New Year's Day.

"Dutch" Shaffer, of Waynesboro, against "Kid" Smith, of Columbia. "Battling" Joe Barnett (colored) and "Knock-out" Nathan Bell, of York. This pair is expected to put up one of the fastest fights ever seen in this section.

Between the bouts the Olympia Quartette, of York, will entertain the audience. F. X. Colgan will be the referee.

GOSPEL DIALOGUE

In Song at Sunday Evening Service in the Methodist Church.

At the evangelistic services in the Methodist church, Sunday evening, there will be a dialogue in gospel song by Dr. Oyler and his six year old daughter.

GETS INSURANCE

Royal Arcanum Pays Amount Carried by Mr. Cronise.

Mrs. A. F. Cronise, of Biglerville, has received a check for \$2000 from the Royal Arcanum for insurance in that order carried by Mr. Cronise.

FAST EXPRESS KILLS FARMER

Train Left Gettysburg behind Time and was Running at Good Speed when it Struck Unfortunate Man.

The fast express train on the West-coast Maryland due here daily at 5:50 a. m., struck and killed instantly Dewey Helm, a farmer, near Fowlesburg this morning. The man was driving and his horse was killed, while the vehicle was demolished.

The train was about an hour and a half late leaving Gettysburg and was running at a lively rate of speed to make up as much of the time as possible between this place and Baltimore. Details of the accident are lacking but it is believed that Helm, bundled up about his head to escape the biting cold, failed to hear the approach of the train.

The man was thrown some distance along the side of the track where his lifeless form was found a minute later after the train had been stopped. The horse was killed almost instantly and the vehicle was reduced to kindling wood. Relatives and the proper authorities were notified at once of the accident and, after the body had been placed in responsible hands the train proceeded.

Fowlesburg is a station a short distance beyond Hampstead.

MONTHLY MEETING

Parent Teachers Association Meets in Regular Session.

The program announced for the meeting of the Parent Teachers' Association was carried out Friday evening. The address was made by Dr. J. H. Ashworth and the entertainment numbers were as promised. The visiting committee was continued for another month, and Prof. Roth, Mrs. C. D. Dougherty, and Miss Nellie Blocher appointed as the program committee. Miss Major's room was awarded the Home and School banner.

Resolutions on the death of Prof. Willis A. Burgoon were presented by Dr. T. C. Billheimer and were adopted.

ANDREW J. HEINTZELMAN

Funeral on Monday with Services and Interment at Flohr's.

Andrew J. Heintzelman died at his home near Fairfield, Friday afternoon aged 82 years, 3 months and 8 days.

He leaves these children, Mrs. James Dittenhafer and Mrs. M. J. Hamilton, of Altoona; Mrs. Paul Willet, at home, and Harry and Edgar Heintzelman, of Fairfield. He leaves one brother and two sisters, John Heintzelman, Cashtown; Mrs. William E. Baker, Cashtown; Mrs. Samuel Stockslager, Philadelphia.

Funeral will be held Monday morning, meeting at the house at nine o'clock. Service and interment at Flohr's church. Rev. W. K. Fleck officiating.

MRS. DANIEL REIGLE

Funeral Sunday Afternoon with Interment at Littlestown.

Mrs. Sevillea Reigle, wife of Daniel Reigle, died at her home in Cumberland township, at noon Friday aged 69 years and 10 months.

She leaves her husband and several children, Mrs. Reuben Rupp, North Washington street; Mrs. Harry Stouffer, of Taneytown; Miss Annie Reigle and Miss Ida Reigle, at home. She also leaves two brothers, John Degroft, of Midway; and Andrew Degroft, of Littlestown; and a half brother, George Degroft, of Littlestown.

Funeral Sunday afternoon, meeting at the house at noon, Rev. F. S. Lindaman, of Littlestown, officiating. Interment in Mt. Carmel cemetery, Littlestown.

MRS. SARAH SCHRIVER

Had Several Relatives Living here. Died in Mechanicsburg.

Mrs. Sarah Schriver, aunt of Harry Montfort and Miss Annie Montfort, of Gettysburg, died at her home in Mechanicsburg on Monday. She was aged 84 years of age and had been in failing health for some time. The funeral was held on Thursday.

BIG INCREASE IN MOTOR TOURISTS

Say Lincoln Highway Representatives who Direct Attention to Road at Automobile Shows. All Delighted.

Never before has such great interest been shown in the Lincoln Highway by the automobile owners and prospective automobile owners of the country gathered at the great automobile shows now on in the big cities.

The New York Automobile Show, the premiere display of American motor car manufacturers, gathers from every section of the county, those interested in automobiles and touring. As usual the Lincoln Highway Association maintained a booth for the convenience of those thousands of tourists who contemplate a drive over the transcontinental route during the coming season, and all during the show last week an unending stream of interested motorists were gathered around the great map of the Lincoln Highway, and secured from the representatives of the Association, needed information for the transcontinental tour.

All indications point to an even greater flow of transcontinental traffic next season than ever before. President Henry B. Joy of the Lincoln Highway Association states that the continuance of the San Diego Exposition and the rapid improvement of the Lincoln Highway which has gone on during the past year, together with the tremendous interest in the drive which has been aroused by those who took it last year, will result in unprecedented increase in travel to the Pacific Coast over the Lincoln Highway in 1916.

Fifty thousand motor cars containing approximately 100,000 tourists driving from points east of the Missouri River to the Pacific Highway, is said to be a conservative estimate of the traffic volume which may be expected in the cities along the route this summer.

BENDERSVILLE

Bendersville—Names of pupils who were present every day of the fourth month in the Grammar School: Edith and Julia Blocher, Carrie Peters, Mary K. Stover, Maurice Bream, J. Frank Oyler, J. Clare Routsone.

Mrs. Charles Lerew spent Tuesday afternoon in Gettysburg.

Mrs. Alfred Taylor and three children spent Thursday with William Taylor and family.

Mrs. Margaret Wright returned to her home after spending some time with her brother and sister, of Hunt-erstown.

Arthur Taylor, of Biglerville, and George Raffensperger, of Arendtsville, visited at the home of their uncle, William Taylor, and family.

Miss Helen Taylor spent Sunday with Miss Ellen Ogden.

The Bendersville Lutheran Sunday School has purchased a piano.

Rev. Mr. Scott and family have moved to Bendersville where he will begin his duties.

Prof. H. Milton Roth spent Wednesday at the Bendersville schools.

FAIRFIELD

Fairfield—D. H. Rock, of Philadelphia, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Rock.

Miss Mary Pittman, of McConnellsburg, spent several days with Miss Sherry Scott.

The Odd Fellows, of Fairfield, will give a banquet next Wednesday night, January 9, to which the members and their wives are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. J. U. Neely and daughter, Margaret, spent several days in Gettysburg with Mr. and Mrs. John McIlhenry.

The Fairfield W. C. T. U. met at the home of Mrs. J. E. Glenn Thursday evening. Among those taking part were, Miss Martha Moore, Mrs. Frank Moore, Miss Alma Kittinger, Miss Anna Landis, Miss Martha Witherow, and Miss Lizzie Herring.

COMING EVENTS

Jan. 17—Sunday School Workers' Meeting, St. James Church.

Jan. 18—Basket Ball. Davis & Elkins College.

Jan. 22—County C. E. Rally. St. James Church.

Jan. 26—Basket Ball. Mt. St. Mary's Gymnasium.

Jan. 27—Free Lecture. Dr. G. W. Nasmyth. Brua Chapel.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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W. LAVERE HAFER,
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PHILIP R. BIKLE,
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PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties. Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

OUR ANNUAL

Reduction On Blankets Is Now In Effect

ALL ROBES AND BLANKETS in the store, including both stable and driving blankets, are reduced to clear out the stocks.

We never want to carry one years line over until the following year, consequently the stock is priced low enough to make it move.

Our old customers know the advantage of this saving. We invite new customers to examine the values offered.

Adams County Hardware Co.



Give Your Children This Cut-Out

This is just one of the Puss-in-Boots color pictures for your little ones to cut out. There's a beautiful page to keep them busy. The whole story of Puss-in-Boots in pictures to cut out is in the January

PICTORIAL REVIEW

15c On Sale Now 15c

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER

In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to said Court on the 22d day of January, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., under the provisions of the "Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations", approved April 29, 1874, and its supplements, by George Weaver, Charles E. Weaver, Joseph Maues, B. F. Lightner, John Pifer, Eliza A. Warren and William B. Jacobs for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Friends of the Church of the Christian Brethren" the character and object of which is the acquiring and maintaining a cemetery for the Christian burial of the dead, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said Act and its supplements.

The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office in said Court.

J. L. WILLIAMS,
Solicitor
Gettysburg, Pa.

FOR RENT

New house with all conveniences on South street.
APPLY

D. F. PLANK,
R. 1, Gettysburg, United Phone
or
Emory Plank, South Street

House For Rent

Two House on York Street, Gettysburg, with all conveniences.
Apply to

Mrs. Mary E. Miller
267 Baltimore Street.

FOR INFORMATION AND RATES ON

Workman's Compensation Insurance.

On any business.

SEE

JOHN BUTT,
First Nat. Bank Bldg.
GETTYSBURG, P. A.

DR. M. T. DILL

— DENTIST —

BIGLERVILLE PA.
Will be at Bendersville the first and third Friday of each month; at Arendtville the second and fourth Friday; and at York Springs every Wednesday.

BOTH PHONES

SAY MONTENEGRO AGREES TO PEACE

Truce With Austria First Break in Allies' Line-Up.

TEUTONS CAPTURE CETTINJE

Fall of Capital Give Austria Control of Adriatic and is a Severe Blow to Italy.

London, Jan. 15.—Announcement by Vienna of the capture of Cetinje, capital of Montenegro followed persistent reports that an armistice had been arranged between General Koevess, the Austrian commander, and King Nicholas, of Montenegro.

A wireless despatch from Rome states that it was Austria which proposed the cessation of hostilities, with the purpose of negotiating a separate peace.

It is hoped that these rumors of the first break in the line-up of the entente nations may be based simply on the fact that the Austrian advance in Montenegro has become so slow that suspension of hostilities is naturally aroused.

Many military critics, however, are of the opinion that Montenegro is now in such a position that some form of arrangement with her adversary has become imperative.

It is reported on apparently good authority that previous to the attack Germany warned Montenegro and offered a separate peace, which was refused by King Nicholas. Prince von Buelow, the former imperial German chancellor, who was on an extended visit to Switzerland recently, had been entrusted with efforts for an "approachment" with Montenegro.

Austria, it is believed, may be satisfied with the possession of Mount Lovcen on condition that the Montenegrins transfer their capital to Niksic instead of Cetinje.

Montenegro's surrender at this time would mean the absolute control of the little Black mountain kingdom by the Hapsburgs and a long step toward the attainment of the Austrian ambition to make the Adriatic an Austrian sea.

Completely surrounded by a ring of bayonets, backed by all the military resources of the dual monarchy, Montenegro's army has been fighting a heroic but unequal battle since the collapse of her friend and ally, Serbia. Cut off from aid from any direction, laboring under the additional handicap of thousands of starving refugees from the east, who crossed the frontier before the German and Bulgarian forces, she has fought literally with her back to the wall.

The first battle on Greek soil between the Franco-British forces entrenched around Salonika and the three armies, Austro-German, Bulgarian and Turk, reported to be sweeping down upon the allies is believed to be imminent.

NO MILK FOR GERMANY

France Declines to Permit Shipments From United States.

Washington, Jan. 15.—France has declined for "military reasons" to permit shipments of condensed milk by charitable organizations in the United States for Germany and Austro-Hungary, for use of the babies of these countries, although the American Red Cross had agreed to undertake supervision of the distribution of the milk to assure its use for the purpose stated.

Ambassador Sharp, who made inquiry of the French government, so notified the state department. A department paraphrase of it follows:

"The French government under date of January 13, reports receipt of your inquiry. It states that on account of military reasons it is not willing to authorize shipments of milk to either Germany or Austro-Hungary, even if the American Red Cross will supervise distribution."

It is assumed that Great Britain will make a similar reply.

PAY HONOR TO HUERTA

Former Officers of Dictator's Government Guard Body.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 15.—Guarded by former military and civil officers of the former Huerta government of Mexico, the body of General Victoriano Huerta, who died of sclerosis of the liver, lay in unofficial state at the Huerta home. Hundreds of exiles of his party viewed the body.

A guard of police was stationed in front of the residence. The body was taken to a receiving vault. According to the family, when tranquility in Mexico is assured, the body will be taken to Mexico City for interment.

Watchman's Skull Fractured.

Hagerstown, Md., Jan. 15.—Caught under a slide of rock and earth in the quarries of the G. W. Johnston Limestone company, at New Castle, C. H. Knuttle, a watchman, was dug out with a fractured skull and internal injuries. He is at Washington county hospital in a critical condition.

Four Die as R. R. Tank Explodes.
Chicago, Jan. 15.—An oil tank partially filled with oil in the west side yards of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad exploded, killing four persons and injuring two.

SECRETARY LANSING

Notifies Carranza That Mexican Bandits Must be Punished.



Photo by American Press Association.

GERMAN PLAN HIT BY RUSSIAN DRIVE

Believe Move Prevented Attack on Western Front.

London, Jan. 15.—The battle in east Galicia, principally on the Bukovina-Bessarabia line, is raging with a violence equal to that with which the new Russian drive was begun nearly a month ago.

The Petrograd correspondent of the Times quotes military opinion to the effect that the Russian offensive in the southwest was temporarily suspended after achieving important results.

Among other things he says the offensive foiled a German plan to attack the French-British front, diverted large forces from the Balkans and improved the Russian positions in Galicia and the Bukovina.

"The enemy still holds out with great strength on the western bank of the Stripa as far as Zaleszczyki," the correspondent says, "and is likely to resume the offensive from that point."

The reported capture of Sadagora by the Russians has not been officially confirmed. This town, situated a few miles northeast of Cernowitz, is of great strategic importance. It is the intersection of five high roads. The Austrian defence has been particularly stubborn in this region. The fall of Sadagora would greatly improve the strategic position of the Russian line.

HOLLAND DYKES BURST

Zuidpolder Flooded and Whole North Province Threatened.

Amsterdam, by way of London, Jan. 14.—The Telegraaf reports that the Zuider Zee Dyke at Katwoude has burst and the Zuidpolder has been flooded. The inhabitants of that place were obliged to abandon it and have fled to Edam, which is partly flooded, the newspaper adds.

A later message from Edam says the dyke protecting Polderzeewijk is in danger and that if it breaks the result will be the flooding of the greater part of north Holland.

At 7 o'clock in the morning an alarm bell was rung at Broek, also in the Province of North Holland, about six miles northeast of Amsterdam, as the flood was pouring in with terrific force. Many farms were completely inundated, the inhabitants proceeding in boats to surrounding villages. There was great consternation in the Waterland district, as the water came over the dyke, and the inhabitants are fleeing to Amsterdam.

FOIL PLOT TO KILL ENVER

Many Arrests Reported in Constantinople Following Conspiracy.

Paris, Jan. 15.—A dispatch from Salonika to the Temps says that a great revolutionary plot in Constantinople was followed by German detectives.

The object of the plot, it is said, was to kill Enver Pasha, overthrow the government and expel the Germans. A number of high Turkish officers are said to have been involved in the plot and numerous arrests have been made. The police guard has been doubled.

Top of His Head Blown Off.

Hagerstown, Md., Jan. 15.—Hearing noises in the henry and thinking chicken thieves were at work, Conrad Long, sixty-five, widower, grabbed his shotgun, cocked it and rushed out of his house at Martinsburg. Stumbling, he fell and the shotgun was accidentally discharged. The top part of his head was blown off.

Escapes Sleuth Outside Hospital.

York, Pa., Jan. 15.—William Dutton, colored, wanted for assault and battery, who was about to be discharged from the hospital, saw Detective H. K. McKee waiting for him and eluded him in a hospital shirt. Dutton fled out a window over the fence and escaped.

VONPAPENPAPERS SUPPORT CHARGES

Made Payments to Persons Who Blew Up Munition Plants.

SEIZED AT ENGLISH PORT

Documents Taken From Recalled German Attaché Reveals Work of Plotters.

London, Jan. 15.—Copies of correspondence seized from Captain Franz von Papen, recalled German military attaché at Washington, when he reached Falmouth on his way to Germany, have been turned over to the American embassy for transmission to the state department.

They show that Captain von Papen made frequent payments to persons charged with the responsibility for blowing up munitions works and bridges in the United States.

One entry shows that Captain von Papen gave \$700 to Warner Horn, who was arrested in connection with the blowing up of a Canadian Pacific railway bridge at St. Croix, Me. The day this check was issued the German embassy paid \$2,000 into Captain von Papen's account.

Captain von Papen's check stubs, bank books and letters from his bank, the Riggs National Bank of Washington, show about 500 items, many of which had to do with routine expenditures. Others, however, revealed payments to various persons who have figured prominently in the activities of German agents in America, and to at least one spy who committed suicide in a cell in an English prison.

Several large payments were made to Captain von Papen by Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador at Washington. Most of these were for salaries or bonuses. A number of entries showed payments made by the ambassador to the military attaché for "war intelligence office." One of the payments on this account, made in October, of 1914, was for \$2,300.

Another check stub shows that about two weeks before the explosion in Seattle, on May 30, 1915, Captain von Papen sent \$500 to the German consulate at Seattle. In February of 1915 he sent \$1,300 to the German consulate in that city.

Among the letters taken from Captain von Papen there is little of interest with the exception of a letter from the German consul at New Orleans condoning with him on his recall from Washington and criticizing severely the attitude of the American government.

In January, 1915, Captain von Papen gave a check payable to Amick & Co., New York, but with the name E. Kuempferle in brackets on the stub. This is believed to have reference to the man named Kuempferle, who, after being arrested in England on a charge of espionage, committed suicide, leaving a written confession in his cell.

As an example of the size of the captain's financial operations, his bank book shows that in January of 1915 he received approximately \$6,400 and paid out \$5,000.

More Indicted in New York.

New York, Jan. 15.—Four men and a woman were indicted by a federal grand jury on a charge of conspiring to violate the customs laws of the United States by shipping contraband rubber to Germany.

Those indicted were Edward Weber, a cousin of Albert Weber, an official of the Deutsches Bank in Berlin; Paul Schmidt, Weber's partner in the Rubber and Gunnyale Agency of this city; Max Jaeger, a German maker of automobile accessories; Mrs. Annie Dekkers, a native of Holland, and Richard Wohlberg, a naturalized citizen, who operates a rubber and cement factory. The Gunnyale Agency is also made a defendant.

MARRIAGE INVALID. REWED

Reading Couple Takes Second Honey-moon in Four Years.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 15.—After having been married in Cleveland four years ago, Silver Rose and Elsie Arnold, upon their arrival in Reading from that city, were married again, having learned that the man who had married them in Cleveland had been arrested on a charge of impersonating a minister and that their marriage therefore was not valid.

Upon reaching Reading, the bride, who is twenty-three, and the bridegroom, twenty-five, sought legal advice, after which they went to the court house and procured a wedding license. The ceremony was performed by Magistrate Focht and the couple went away on a second honeymoon.

Bags Labeled Drums on Trains.

Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 15.—An injunction which prohibits railroads in this state from permitting passengers to carry labeled intoxicants as personal baggage was upheld by the supreme court of appeals when it refused relief asked for by the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad.

Offer Opossum and Skunk Skins.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 15.—Three hundred thousand muskrat furs were to be sold here at the fur auction which has attracted buyers from all over the world. Seventy thousand opossum skins and 51,000 skunk skins also were to be auctioned off.

ARMED MERCHANTMEN

Stern of British Ship Carrying Small Armament.

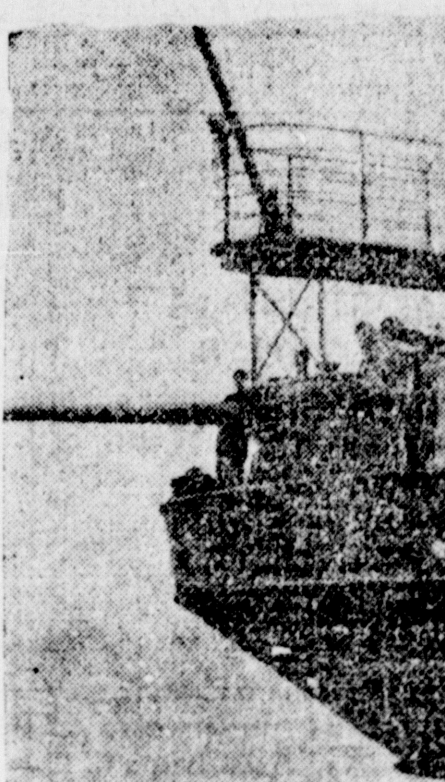


Photo by American Press Association.

BRITISH TAKE U. S. SOLDIER FROM SHIP

Uniformed Infantryman Removed From American Vessel.

New York, Jan. 15.—Albert Clark, a private in the Fifth United States Infantry, was removed from the steamship Santa Marta at Kingston, Jamaica, by a British neutrality officer, according to passengers who arrived here on the Santa Marta. After being detained ashore several hours Clark was allowed to return to the ship and proceed.

Clark, who had served nineteen months in the Canal zone, was proceeding to Washington under orders to report to the adjutant-general and was in full uniform when he was removed from the Santa Marta, which flies the American flag.

This is said to be the first time a United States soldier has been removed under similar conditions from an American vessel since the war of 1812.

When the Santa Marta stopped at Jamaica on the way from Colon to New York, a British neutrality officer boarded the vessel, and closely questioned all passengers as to their nationality. Clark said he was born near Vienna, but had taken out his first American citizenship papers some time ago.

The neutrality officer left the ship without comment on Clark's case, but shortly afterward, passengers said, three negro soldiers in uniform boarded the Santa Marta and told Clark to accompany them ashore.

Subsequently Clark said he was taken to what is known as the lower concentration, on the outskirts of Jamaica, and there closely questioned by the commanding officer. While he was absent American passengers on the Santa Marta decided to appeal to the American consul, but before this could be done Clark returned.

Clark said that he would make a full report of the incident to the war department.

KAISER IS BETTER

Berlin Dispatch Says Emperor Takes Walks in Pleasant Weather.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Emperor William again is in health. He no longer remains in his apartment, but takes his usual walks in Potsdam in pleasant weather. The boil on the emperor's neck has so far healed that he is again wearing his uniform, but he leaves the high collar open to prevent pressure. An official who conversed with the emperor Wednesday and Thursday said he was in exceptionally good spirits and that there was absolutely nothing to justify the pessimistic reports about him printed abroad.

Bank Robbers Get \$25,000.

Clayton, Ala., Jan. 15.—The safe of the Bank of Clayton was cracked and \$25,000 stolen. A posse with blood hounds was organized to run down the robbers.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather
Atlantic City...	20	Clear.
Boston.....	10	Clear.
Buffalo.....	10	Clear.
Chicago.....	10	Clear.
New Orleans...	48	P. Cloudy.
New York.....	12	Clear.
Philadelphia...		
St. Louis.....	18	Clear.
Washington....	22	Clear.

The Weather.

Fair, continued cold today; tomorrow increasing cloudiness and warmer; northwest winds.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Personal News, Telling of Guests in Town Homes and those Visiting out of Town.

Miss Harriet Nixon has returned to her home in North Carolina after a visit of several weeks at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Nixon, Carlisle street.

Mervin Trostle, of Biglerville, was a Gettysburg visitor to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Myers, of Chambersburg, street, are visiting Mr. Myers' parents, in Spring Grove.

Dr. L. L. Sieber, of West Middle street, has just closed a very successful revival meeting at Williamsburg and has gone to Hughesville where he will conduct services for the next two weeks.

Mrs. L. S. Black has returned to her home at Easton after a visit at the home of her mother, Mrs. H. W. McKnight, on Carlisle street.

Miss Virginia T. Tudor, assistant principal of the Damascus High School, has returned to resume her duties, after spending a vacation of two weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice E. Baker, of Baltimore street.

Mrs. C. Milton Wolf has returned to her home on Carlisle street after a visit of several days in Baltimore.

S. Miley Miller has returned home after spending some time in Sunbury.

Miss Eunice Rudisill, of Baltimore street, is visiting friends in York for several days.

SURFACE CAR LOSSES NOT DUE TO EXODUS TO WAR.

Head of Bureau of Immigration Thinks Taxicabs and Jitneys Are Causes.

T. V. Powderly of the bureau of immigration in discussing the statement by the public service commission that the falling off of street car traffic in New York and other large cities during the past year was due to the exodus of men who went to Europe on account of the war said that no statistics compiled by the government would throw any light on this matter.

Mr. Powderly pointed out that the total number who left the country last year was only 149,161, a number entirely too small when distributed through the country, even if it came from the large cities, to have any appreciable effect on street car traffic. "The fact is," said Mr. Powderly, "that the movement of immigrants and emigrants since the war began has been tremendously reduced. In the year ended June, 1914, we received into the United States 1,218,480. For the year ended June 30, 1915, the number of immigrants was only 226,700, the smallest number since 1899."

"The only large movement, comparatively, during the past few months has been the return of Italian reservists. There has been a net gain of immigration from France and England, none whatever from Austria and Hungary and only a very slight gain from Germany. There was a net loss of Italian population in this country since July 1 of over 65,000. Their going would hardly afford a reason for less street car traffic."

"I am inclined to think the slow, hesitating character of the service on the street cars of most of the large cities has more to do with reduced traffic. The taxicab and the jitney can account for some falling off no doubt."

NOW 7,621 NATIONAL BANKS.

Charters Issued to 138 in 1915—Law Strictly Administered.

The annual report of the comptroller of the currency shows that only fifty-four entirely new national banks were organized in the last calendar year. There were 138 national banks chartered in that time, however. Of these fifty-four, with an authorized capital of \$4,032,000, had been state banks and thirty, with an authorized capital of \$1,835,000, were reorganizations of private or state banks. The strictness with which the national banking act has been administered during the year is indicated by the fact that, while 108 charters were granted, 101 applications failed of approval, charters being denied.

On Dec. 31, 1915, the total number of national banks organized was 10,310, of which 3,189 had discontinued business, leaving in existence 7,021 banks, with an authorized capital of \$1,077,501,375 and circulation outstanding secured by United States bonds of \$718,571,758. Circulation to the amount of \$51,765,450, covered by lawful money deposited with the treasurer of the United States on account of liquidating and insolvent national banks and associations, which had reduced their circulation, is also outstanding, making the total amount of national bank circulation outstanding \$771,337,208. Of the 138 banks authorized to begin business, with a total capital of \$5,862,000, ninety-nine, with a capital of \$2,667,000, had individual capital of less than \$50,000 and thirty-nine, with a capital of \$5,695,000, had individual capital of \$50,000 or over.

Coming--NEAL OF THE NAVY, PHOTOPLAY.

BOTH SIDES DELAY MILITARY BILLS

Democrats Ask How Much Money Will Be Needed.

REPUBLICANS KILLING TIME

Ask Where Party In Power Is Going to Get the Necessary Funds and What Articles Will Be Taxed—One Plan Would Make Newspapers and Magazines Pay About \$8,000,000.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Jan. 17.—[Special.]—There may be a little jockeying in this matter of national preparedness legislation and the measure for supplying the money.

"Let's see how much money they are going to need," say the Democratic members of the ways and means committee, "and then we will see just how we will raise it."

"Let's see how they are going to raise the money for their program of preparedness," say leading Republicans, "and then we will see just how we will do in the way of voting for increased military expenditures."

If both sides thus hold off it is expected that the whole program will go over until long into the session, perhaps until near election time. There are Democrats who do not want to vote any more taxes until after the elections.

Looking For Taxable Subjects.

Meanwhile the members of the ways and means committee are looking for taxable subjects. Nearly everything is being put into the hopper. One suggestion has been a tax on newspapers and periodicals by way of increasing the rate they pay for second class carriage in the mails. An estimate from the postoffice department has been received by the committee showing that from \$6,000,000 to \$8,000,000 could be raised in this way.

"I don't know whether we will do anything about it or not," remarked one of the leading members of the committee, "but this newspaper and magazine tax has been among the foremost in promoting the necessity for preparedness, and it seems only fair to make them pay a part of the taxes necessary for such preparation."

Is Reclamation a Failure?

Great hopes were entertained by people of the far west when the Hammon Newlands law was enacted providing for irrigating the arid lands of the west. But now doubts are expressed about its success.

"I say with sorrow," said Senator Fall of New Mexico, speaking in the senate, "that the reclamation policy of the United States is an absolute failure."

He went on to explain that the cost was too heavy for the settlers on the lands reclaimed to bear. "No man can pay \$50 per acre for water and live," he said. "It may be in our Socialist state some fifty years hence that people will cultivate one, two and three acre tracts, where the wife and every member of the family will work all the time, but that is the only way in which these lands can be made to pay the money now required by the government for watering them."

Want to Hear Chamberlain.

Since Senator Chamberlain of Oregon made his American speech in New York he has created a demand for other speeches. There seem to be a lot of people in different parts of the country who like to hear him. Chamberlain hit Great Britain rather hard in his speech, and he does not hesitate to say other things along the same line. "Scratch a true American deep enough," he remarked the other day, "and you will find an anti-Briton. It is because Great Britain has outdone us in every diplomatic negotiation we have ever had with her."

California Delegates.

A remark was made about the absence of William Alden Smith from the senate, and a Michigan man said: "William Alden has been handicapped as a presidential candidate because it is said he has no strength outside of Michigan. I would not be surprised to learn that he is out in California now for the purpose of taking some of those delegates away from Hiram Johnson."

Will Lead the Delegation.

It is expected, in fact, almost certain, that Senator Lodge will for a fifth time be the head of the Massachusetts delegation to the Republican national convention. It is a place he has had in every convention since 1896, save only in 1912, when he did not go because his personal relations with Roosevelt and his political relations with Taft made it impossible for him to take part in the contest. "I shall go and do all I can for Senator Weeks," remarked Lodge when speaking of the coming convention, "although I have felt that I had served my time at national conventions."

National Anthem.

Senator Clapp of Minnesota would have the "Star Spangled Banner" made the national anthem by law. There is no objection, although common consent and usage have already accomplished that result. When a whole audience will rise and stand at attention as the air is played it shows the general feeling.

FOR RENT: house, with stable, West Middle street. Apply Frank McClellan, Seminary.—advertisement

Odd Happenings In The Day's News

Big Tom, the only water loving cat known, has to have a daily bath at Kansas City.

It took twenty-five men to lower the body of a 500 pound man into the grave at Bridgeport, Conn.

Schools in German trenches have been organized on the Austro-Hungarian front and in Belgium.

Wagner's music was the cause of the war, having made the Germans war mad, according to a Swiss musical conductor just arrived.

Because he hit his wife in the eye with a shoe on her fifth attempt to wake him a Yankees man was ordered by the court to get an alarm clock.

The whole town of Byers, Kan., is on the water wagon and has pledged itself not to smoke cigarettes or chew tobacco for a year as the result of a killing.

Baron Rhonda is the new title of David A. Thomas, the Welsh coal mine operator. He narrowly escaped the title Ystradgwydr, which was once the name of Rhonda.

PRIVILEGES FOR GERMANS IN CAMPS OF BRITISH.

Leniency and Thoroughness Make Confinement Comfortable.

British leniency and German thoroughness have co-ordinated to make England's enemy internment business a positive success. Five London hobbles and a ten foot fence of American barbed wire guard 750 of the Kaiser's military captives at Islington, North London. Inside a great central building and auxiliary structures which in antebellum days composed a municipal refuge for the poor is today a model system of self government where 750 "citizens" have worked out their own restricted salvation.

The regulation quarters in the main building consist of high walled, well ventilated rooms with from eight to fifteen sanitary couches. These, with general lavatories, washrooms and bathrooms on every floor, make this internment camp more like a well planned hotel. Large day rooms where visitors may be entertained, commodious yards with rain shelter, workshops, tennis courts, dining rooms and tea rooms make it unnecessary for the men to occupy their sleeping quarters during the daylight.

Afternoon tea is a daily event. Here the prisoners arise at 8: breakfast at 8:30; work, study or diversion until noon (working is optional, but handiwork is busy at various tasks under supervision of the council of captives); dinner at 12; work or entertain wives and children until 5; tea with trimmings, 5 to 5:30; supper at 7; to bed at 9.

Other features are: Unrestricted smoking except in woodworking shop; monthly theatricals; a weekly paper printed in English; privilege of writing two letters each week in German to Germany or elsewhere; opportunity of leaving the premises, under guard, for medical treatment; teetotalism.

FLEW AMERICAN FLAG.

British Steamer's Masquerade Saved a Cargo of \$5,000,000.

According to members of the crew of the British steamship City of Lincoln, which arrived in Boston from the far east, the captain of the vessel adopted all possible devices for eluding submarines in the Mediterranean, even to displaying the American flag and painting out of the name all except the word "Lincoln." Nothing was seen, however, of submarines, and, barring tempestuous weather in the Atlantic, the voyage was not unusual.

Big shipments of rubber and slab tin formed important items of the cargo. The vessel brought in 4,000 tons of rubber, valued at approximately \$1,300,000, and 2,000 tons of tin, estimated to be worth upward of a million dollars. The total value of the cargo was \$5,000,000. Sixty-six thousand cases of bean oil, loaded at Dabai, Japanese Manchuria, comprised one of the largest shipments of the kind ever brought here. The City of Lincoln also had large consignments of spices, tapioca, sago flour, rattans and curries.

WAR HITS FRENCH THEATERS.

Receipts Cut Nearly In Two, but Movies Suffer Little.

Official returns show that the receipts at theaters and other entertainment houses in Paris in 1915 amounted to only 41,500,000 francs (\$8,200,000) as compared with 68,500,000 francs (\$13,700,000) in 1913.

The theaters took in 11,000,000 francs (\$2,200,000) during the past year as compared with 26,000,000 francs (\$5,200,000) during 1913; the concert receipts were 5,000,000 francs (\$1,000,000) against 8,000,000 francs (\$1,600,000); the decrease in the receipts from musicals was 8,000,000 francs, while the receipts from balls decreased from 1,250,000 francs (\$250,000) in 1913 to 700,000 francs (\$140,000) during the past year.

A feature of the returns is the fact that the moving pictures were affected little by the war. The receipts of the movies decreased from \$1,500,000 francs (\$300,000) in 1913 to \$1,250,000 francs (\$250,000).

Excellent Artificial Coffee.

It is said that an artificial coffee has been invented by a Japanese which has a large percentage of nourishment, the right flavor and low cost.

MADE LONG PLEAS IN LICENSE CASES

(Continued from First Page)

their names. It seemed to be the general impression that Mr. Weaver was to be the licensee but they signed that "blank" was a man of good moral character and fit to conduct a hotel.

Mr. Swope, representing the Central Hotel petitioner, and Mr. Hersh, representing the York Springs Hotel, each tried to show the place they represented to be the one best adapted for hotel purposes if only one were to be licensed. For the Central it was pointed out that it was a brick structure, centrally located and equipped with all modern conveniences. For the York Springs Hotel it was stated that \$1000 had been spent in improvements in the past two years, that it was on the State road between Gettysburg and Harrisburg and at the cross roads. The proprietor further testified that his register showed that during the past year he had accommodated 2500 or 3000 people with meals and lodging.

The taking of testimony in these two cases occupied the entire afternoon and an evening session was held from 6:30 to nine o'clock, concluding the testimony at the latter hour and continuing the attorneys' arguments until this morning.

TRACT

Tract—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Myers, of Waynesboro, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shorb.

These who have been confined to their homes with gripe are: Mrs. J. Bell and family and Roy Shorb.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shorb and two sons spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McClellan.

Mrs. Daniel Shorb visited Mrs. L. J. Ohler, of Emmitsburg, this week.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving remembrance of our daughter, Helen Elizabeth Dougherty, who departed this life two years ago, January 10th, aged 8 years.

The image of her smiling face

Whose radiance cheered us on life's way.

Shall live in memory's fond embrace

As long as reason holds her sway.

The joys and hopes and smiles and tears,

The shadows of those passing years, Those few days and weeks and months but seem,

The fragrance of a happy dream.

By her parents.

—advertisement

HOBNAIL SHOES FOR SOLDIERS

Recommendations Made by Inspector General Garlington.

Heavier marching shoes, reinforced with hobnails, are recommended for the foot regiments of the army by Inspector General E. A. Garlington in his annual report. While superior in design to any previous pattern, the report says, the present footgear would not stand the test of campaign service. Shortage of line officers is a serious menace to the service, the report asserts, because of increasing demand upon the line for other duties. A corps of officers for instruction of militia and other duties away from the troops is urged.

The inspector general recommends the abandonment of the annual test ride for officers as having "failed to accomplish any good purpose" and the officers over forty five years of age to be excused from the annual obstacle ride.

In general the report finds the regular army a well equipped, efficient well fed organization and has only minor recommendations to make.

To Build \$7,000,000 Mill.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 15.—The United States Steel Corporation announced that construction of a \$7,000,000 steel mill would be commenced at once on the McDonald site, where 132 acres of land have been purchased, giving the company a total of 500 acres. It is stated that the plant will be completed in a year and when in full operation will employ several thousand men.

Chalmersford Viceroy of India.

London, Jan. 15.—It was announced officially that Baron Chalmersford, former governor of Queensland and of New South Wales, had been appointed viceroy and governor general of India, in succession to Baron Harcourt.

Little Bedtime Story.

Peter Rabbit watched in considerable amazement the antics of Titus Tumblebug, who was rolling his ball along a rut, clinging on and going over with it, and then letting it roll over him. "Are you doing that for fun?" questioned Peter, "or have you the hallucination that you are a joy-riding motorist, compelled to turn turtle every time you get a chance?"—Kansas City Star.

Too Many Have That Idea.

"Knowledge is power," remarked the party of the first part. "Maybe so," responded the party of the second part, "but you want to get rid of the idea that when you switch off for the night the trolley cars have to stop running."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents Send in Items of Personal and General Interest in their Communities. Short Paragraphs.

ABBOTTSTOWN

Abbottstown—A social and supper will be held in the basement of the Paradise church, Saturday evening of this week.

Dr. William Hollinger and family entertained the following at a dinner, Sunday: D. Guy Hollinger and family; Hanover; Mr. and Mrs. George Baker, Misses Helen and Anna Baker, Master Tom Baker, and Mrs. Mattie Hollinger, of Abbottstown.

Roy Waltman has bought an Overland touring car.

Services will be held in the Reformed church, Sunday forenoon, at 10 o'clock, when the pastor, Rev. Walter E. Garrett, will have for his theme, "The Petrified Christian."

Mrs. J. F. Eisenhart is confined to bed with sickness.

Mrs. John Noel and Mrs. Solomon Slothour are suffering from an attack of influenza.

Mrs. John Lookenbill is improving after a severe attack of pneumonia. Washington street; Mrs. Harry Stoofler, of Taneytown; Miss Annie Reigle leaves two brothers, John Degroft, of Midway; and Andrew Degroft, of Littlestown; and a half brother, George Degroft, of Littlestown.

CHURCH NOTICES

REFORMED

Sunday School, 9:15 a. m.; church services, 10:30 and 7:00. Dr. Irvin Hoch De Long, of the Seminary at Lancaster, will preach at both services.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN

Sunday School, 9:15; preaching, 10:30, subject, "The New Body"; Christian Endeavor, 6:00; preaching, 7:00, subject, "Christian Readiness."

EPISCOPAL

Sunday School, 9:30; morning service, 10:30; evening service, 7:00.

METHODIST

Sunday School, 9:30. Dr. J. H. Ashworth, superintendent; Junior League, 2:30; no men's meeting at 3:00; Epworth League, 6:15; evangelistic services continued at 7:00, subject, "The Judgment."

COLLEGE LUTHERAN

A. E. Wagner D. D., pastor, 9:45 a. m., Bible School, C. A. Heiges superintendent; 10:45 a. m., morning worship with sermon by the pastor. Theme: "Turning the World Upside Down"; 6:00 p. m., Christian Endeavor meeting; 7:00 p. m., evening worship with sermon. Theme: "Defying God."

GETTYSBURG U. B.

Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; morning worship, 10:30 a. m.; Junior Christian Endeavor, 5:30 p. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:00 p. m.

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN

Stratton Street: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 7:00, by Rev. J. H. Brindle. Marsh Creek: revival services begin Saturday evening to continue for two weeks. Preaching Sunday morning at 10:30. Friends' Grove: preaching at 10:30, Rev. J. H. Brindle; Sunday School, 9:30.

SALEM U. B.

Sunday School, 9 a. m.; evening worship, 7 p. m. At the evening service the annual offering for Quincey Orphanage will be lifted.

FAITH TABERNACLE

Biglerville: Sunday School, 2 p. m.; evangelistic service, 7:30 p. m., Rev. A. Law in charge. All welcome.

ARENDTSTOWN REFORMED

Sunday School, 9 a. m.; Holy Communion, 10 a. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6 p. m.; preparatory service, Saturday, 2 p. m.

BIGLERVILLE REFORMED

Sunday School, 1 p. m.; Holy Communion, 2 p. m.; preparatory service Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

CHRIST LUTHERAN, ASPERS

Sunday School, 9:30; Christian Endeavor, 6:30; Holy Communion, 7:30 p. m., conducted by Rev. W. D. E. Scott.

FAIRFIELD PRESBYTERIAN

Services Sunday evening at 7:00 o'clock.

GREAT CONEWAGO CHURCH

Rev. Matthew McNitt, secretary of the Board of Country Churches, will visit Great Conewago and Petersburg Presbyterian churches, Saturday and Sunday, January 15 and 16. He will conduct services in Great Conewago church Sunday at 10:30 and 7:30. He will preach in Petersburg church at York Springs on Sunday afternoon at 2:30. The work of this board is for the purpose of strengthening country churches.

BIGLERVILLE U. B.

Sunday School, 10 a. m.; a special missionary program will be rendered Sunday evening at 7:30. The public is invited.

PUBLIC SALE OF 85 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK

ON TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1916.

The undersigned, intending to reduce her stock, will sell at Public Sale on the farm known as the King-McElhenny farm, on the road leading from the Chambersburg pike to McElhenny Station, the following:

8 HEAD OF HORSES, MULES AND COLTS

No. 1, Strawberry Roan mare, 4 years old, will work wherever hitched, weight 1300 pounds, in foal to March's Jack; No. 2, Bay mare, 11 years old, a good worker and driver and in foal to a Percheron horse; No. 3, Bay mare, 5 years old, a good off-side worker. This is a standard bred trotting mare in foal; Nos. 4 and 5, pair of black mules, rising 4 years old, will work wherever hitched, this is an extra fine pair of mules; Nos. 6, 7, and 8, yearling colts. These are three extra fine colts. These horses and mules are all fearless of all road objects.

25 HEAD OF DEHORND CATTLE

Consisting of 14 head of milk cows, 5 of which will have calves by day of sale, from second to fourth calves; two Guernsey cows with calves by their sides. This is an extra fine pair of cows. One Registered Jersey cow, will be fresh by the middle of April; one Holstein, will be fresh by the middle of September; Holstein cow, will be fresh the last of August; Holstein cow, from which the calf has just been sold; one cow will be fresh the latter part of March; Holstein cow, will be fresh in May; one large roan cow, will be fresh the middle of February; two large heifers, one will be fresh the last of July; two Jersey heifers, one will be fresh the latter part of July; two yearling heifers; 6 fine bulls; 2 extra fine Holstein bulls, fit for service; 4 Durham bulls, two large enough for service.

50 HEAD OF HOGS

45 head of Shoats, ranging in weight from 40 to 125 pounds. This is a fine, thrifty lot of shoats; one fine Chester White sow, will farrow the latter part of March; one Chester White boar, large enough for service; one Duroc Jersey Red boar, large enough for service; Duroc Jersey Red sow, will farrow in April.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Studebaker wagon, good as new, an extra good wagon, capacity 4 tons; set of wood ladders, that will carry two cords of wood, built by W. P. Weikert, good as new; wood by the cord; corn by the bushel; brooms by the piece.

A credit of 10 months will be given to purchasers giving their notes with approved security, 3 per cent off for cash.

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock, when further conditions will be made known, by

MYRTLE B. FISCEL.

James Caldwell, Auct. P. A. Miller, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE ON THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1916.

The undersigned will sell at his residence in Romeauville, Adams county, Pa., on the place known as the C. Gebhart farm, the following described personal property:

FOUR HEAD OF HORSES AND MULES

Pair of black mare mules, will do eleven years old in the spring. Both are good leaders, quiet, gentle and will work wherever hitched; the one is frequently driven alone. Bay mare, 13 years old, works wherever hitched. Bay horse, 22 years old, good leader and will work any place.

NINE HEAD OF CATTLE

Fresh cow, has had her 5th calf; red cow with her 5th calf by her side, red cow will have her 4th calf by time of sale; black cow carrying her 3rd calf, will be fresh the last of March, two Holstein heifers, nine months old; red bull, 18 months old; bull, nine months old; stock bull, fit for service.

SIX HEAD OF HOGS: ranging in weight from 80 to 100 lbs.; four are white ones and the other two are black. About 50 CHICKENS.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Good four-horse wagon, thimble skein, 3 in tread; twelve foot wagon, six, good as new; one-horse wagon, McCormick binder, 6 ft. cut, has only cut three crops and is as good as new; and roller; spring harrow; small sled; Mountville three-horse plow, No. 15, good as new; shovel plow, No. 15, good as new; 20 ft. track and 100 feet of 1 in. rope with pulleys; single, double and triple trees; jockey sticks; spreader; three-horse eveners; four sets of front gears; two sets of buggy harness; bridles; halters; two pairs of check lines; cow chains; forks, rakes.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Wardrobe; wooden wash tub; milk can; sausage grinder; churn; two cans of lard to be sold by the pound; lot of home-made soap by the pound and many other articles not herein mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m. A credit of 12 months will be given to purchasers who give their notes with approved security. Other terms on day of sale.

H. N. GEBHART.

The Biglerville Band will start their Annual Bazaar January 15, 1916

and continue for one week in Thomas Brothers Hall

Spring Sale Dates -- 191

JANUARY		
18—Chas. M. Fiscel	Near Seven Stars	Caldwell
20—Mrs. J. L. Toot	Straban Township	Trostel
FEBRUARY		
1—Samuel B. Vaughn	Cumberland	Thompson
2—Charles Strickhouser	Cumberland	Lightner
3—H. N. Gebhart	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
7—Charles Harmon	Butler	Slaybaugh
8—John Yealy	Mt. Joy	Lightner
8—H. V. Wagner	Straban	Thompson
9—John E. Reese	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
10—E. K. Leatherman	Franklin	Slaybaugh
10—Bradley Shanefelter	Mt. Pleasant	
11—James Millhimes	Straban	
12—George A. Hare	Straban	Caldwell
12—M. L. Hoke	Hamilton	
13—S. J. Glaffelter	Straban	Thompson
15—Robert Hetrick	Conewago	
15—Robert Phillips	Reading	
16—H. D. Alwine	Hamilton	
16—Robert C. Spangler	Tyrone	Thompson
16—Clarence A. Bream	Franklin	Martz
17—F. F. McDermitt	Highland	McDermitt
17—Charles N. Wherley	Mt. Joy	Thompson
18—S. L. Null	Cumberland	Thompson
19—A. H. Cutshall	Cumberland	Thompson
19—G. Oliver Hoover	Hamilton	
19—John A. Cleaver	Latimore	Lerew
22—Robert T. Sneringer	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
22—Geo. Strasbaugh	Cumberland	Caldwell
23—Exrs. C. J. Tyson, Dec'd.	Menallen	Slaybaugh & Lerew
22—H. E. Haar	Hamilton	
22—J. E. Harlacher	Reading	
23—Jesse Lemon	Mt. Joy	Thompson
23—Daniel D. Mickley	Hamiltonban	McDermitt
24—Howard Fickel	Latimore	Lerew & Gardner
24—S. C. Monn	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
24—W. H. Leininger	Hamiltonban	McDermitt
25—Roy and Claude Shoemaker	Germany	Thompson
25—George Kinter	Latimore	Lerew
26—Charles W. Kennedy	Latimore	Kimmel
28—Joseph B. Twining	Straban	Slaybaugh
29—Samuel A. Masemer	Latimore	
29—J. J. Spence	Highland	Thompson
29—John Bollinger	Cumberland	Thompson
29—S. M. Keagy	Union	Basehoar
29—Amos Newman	Franklin	Martz
29—Mrs. David Thomas	Menallen	Slaybaugh
MARCH		
1—George A. Harman	Hamilton	
1—Hiram H. Miller	Hamiltonban	McDermitt & Anthony
1—John C. Sterner	Tyrone	Slaybaugh
1—M. E. Freed	Franklin	Martz
2—James H. Murtz	Conewago	
2—Martin Stonestreet	Straban	Slaybaugh
2—Musselman Brothers	Franklin	Martz
2—Clark Marshall	Hamiltonban	Caldwell
3—Wm. J. Blair	Mt. Joy	Myers
3—Houck Brothers	Butler	Slaybaugh
3—Upton Baker	Cumberland	Thompson
4—Samuel Davis	Huntington	Thompson
4—A. P. Lippy	Union	Basehoar
4—L. E. Hershey	Cumberland	Caldwell
4—Charles Asper	Aspers	Slaybaugh
6—George W. Fickes	Huntington	Lerew
6—E. C. Keefer	Huntington	Slaybaugh
6—Harvey Hartman	Butler	Martz
6—Frank M. Lott	Highland	Thompson
7—B. A. Chronistez	Hamilton	
7—Grant Harbaugh	McKnightstown Sta.	McDermitt
7—Geo. & Harry Slaybaugh, Adms.	Butler	Slaybaugh
7—Newton Orndorff	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
8—W. H. Johnston	Hamiltonban	Caldwell
8—Paul Wolf	Hamilton	
8—Edward Martin	Tyrone	Slaybaugh
8—Chas. Raffensperger	Butler	Taylor
9—George D. Kindig	Union	
9—Conrad Smith	Butler	Slaybaugh
9—Harry Donaldson	Hamiltonban	Caldwell
9—Jacob E. Miller	Hamilton	
10—Peter Leer	Huntington	Lerew
10—Rev. S. L. Rice	Franklin	Caldwell
10—Frank Funt	Tyrone	Slaybaugh
10—George W. Rinehart	Hamilton	
10—Franklin Kime	Butler	Taylor
10—D. F. Plank	Mt. Joy	Collins
11—Curtin McGlaughlin	Franklin	Taylor
11—Samuel Black	Menallen	Slaybaugh
11—H. W. Weaver	Highland	Caldwell
11—J. L. Bosserman	Reading	
11—William Weikert	Mt. Pleasant	Basehoar
13—O. J. Ditzler	Straban	Thompson
13—Ellsworth Gardner	Tyrone	Slaybaugh
13—D. Ogden	Menallen	Caldwell
14—L. J. Bucher	Cumberland	
14—D. Lake Reaver	Cumberland	Thompson
14—John Fidler	Butler	Taylor
14—L. L. Sadler	Huntington	Slaybaugh
15—Amos F. Bushey	Latimore	
15—Andrew H. Walker	Mt. Joy	Lightner
15—Calvin R. Snyder	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
15—P. C. Sowers	Franklin	Martz
15—H. S. Montfort	Straban	Trostle
16—Mrs. Lovina Border	Reading	
16—O. P. House	Menallen	Slaybaugh
16—George Bender	Straban	Thompson
16—Arthur Gitt	Union Township	Basehoar
17—Thomas N. Cashman	Huntington	
17—John Bishop	Menallen	Slaybaugh
18—James Bortner	Reading	Slaybaugh
18—Guy E. Bream	Tyrone	
18—O. D. Grover	Reading	
13—John Gulden	Menallen	Taylor
18—Lady & Geyer	Franklin	Martz
18—G. R. Thompson	Straban	Walker & Tate
18—John G. Taylor	Center Mills	Taylor
20—Mervin Reinecker	Straban	Thompson
20—George Ketterman	Franklin	Taylor
21—G. W. Johnson	Butler	Slaybaugh
21—H. D. Little	Cumberland	Thompson
21—Mrs. Andrew Fritz	Franklin	Martz
22—Edward Starnier	Menallen	Slaybaugh
22—H. P. Hartlaub	Straban Township	Thompson
22—Charles Jacobs	Latimore	Lerew
23—Elmer Lobaugh	Tyrone	Slaybaugh
24—Abraham Guise	Butler	Slaybaugh
24—J. Frank Spangler	Oxford	Roth
24—John T. Appler	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
25—J. H. Brindle	Straban	Trostle
25—Milton Wagner	Butler	Slaybaugh
25—Mrs. Ella Yeatts	Straban	Tate
25—James H. Reaver	Cumberland	Thompson
27—E. Simpson Shriver	Mt. Joy	Thompson
28—W. F. Watson	Hamiltonban	Thompson
29—Edward V. Kuhn	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
30—L. A. & E. M. Yeagy, Admsr.	Straban	Thompson

PHILIPPINES ARE GROWING MENACE

Islands of No Military Value to the United States.

SUBJECT TO ATTACK BY FOE

Would Prove a Vulnerable Spot and Could Scarcely Be Retaken by America Once Occupied by an Enemy—Democrats Favor Relinquishing Control—Some Republicans Agree.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Jan. 15.—[Special.]—The war scare and preparedness propaganda have had the effect of making people realize what a military menace the Philippine Islands have become and have hastened the date of their ultimate independence.

The discussion of the Philippine bill in the senate has shown that there has been a great change of sentiment in regard to the retention of the Philippines since the preparedness propaganda has brought out what would be our weak points in case of war. It is now recognized that these islands would be subject to attack by any country that went to war with us, and if that country happened to be Japan it would be doubtful whether we would ever be able to regain control of the islands if Japan wanted to hold them.

"Outposts in the Sea."

The theory of the military and naval strategists that "outposts in the sea" were a great military insurance has been shattered in the light of common sense and what people regard as real danger. No longer will any one seriously assert that Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines, Guam, the Ladrones islands and such other faraway possessions as "outposts in the sea" guard the shores of America. They add to the weakness of the country, and every one of them requires a military force which might be better employed elsewhere in case of war with a foreign foe.

Republican Sentiment.

For a long time Republican sentiment has been almost unanimous in favor of retaining control of the islands, although Republican officials have glibly talked about granting the Philippines their independence as soon as they are capable of self government. From the senate discussions it appears that the opinion of Republicans has undergone a great change. Many Republicans are assisting the Democrats to give the Philippines entire independence, and what is more surprising, many people are freely in favor of "letting them go." That is the word which McKinley made famous when he derided the idea that the United States should have abandoned the Philippines when Spain was defeated.

Lodge's Pleasant Discovery.

There was a bill under consideration in the senate, and its promoter said that it did not involve any expenditure by the general government. "I shall not delay this bill a moment," remarked Senator Lodge, taking the floor. "It is a rare pleasure to find a bill which does not call upon the general government to spend money for the benefit of some people which they ought to spend for themselves. It is a rare pleasure to see a bill which simply opens the door to private enterprise. It is gratifying to me to vote for such a bill."

Rainey the Eloquent.

Some one has to be the orator eloquent in the house, and it seems that Congressman Rainey of Illinois has developed into that office. On several occasions he has put the flowery language over in great shape, but never to such an extent as on a recent occasion when he spoke of the return of the Pelican flag to the state of Louisiana. It was a flag made by the ladies and carried when Jackson defeated the British at New Orleans. Then it was brought out and carried by a Louisiana regiment in the civil war and captured by an Illinois regiment. Illinois returned it to Louisiana after fifty years. All this made a pretty setting for Rainey to "speak the eagle" and put a few stars in the blue firmament.

"Amen" Davis.

The first thing he knows he will be "Amen" Davis instead of "Cyclone" Davis. I refer to the Texan who came here with the windy name, but whose long patriarchal whiskers have made him look mild, and who constantly injects into congressional speeches a loud "Amen" such as we have heard at camp meetings.

Started Smothering.

Congressman Gardner of Massachusetts certainly started something when he made his onslaught upon the German-Americans in the United States. He developed what no one believed to exist to any extent—that is, that there is a deep and bitter feeling against Great Britain for the manner in which she has disregarded the rights of the United States as a neutral. And, more than that, it has shown that while the men of German blood naturally sympathize with Germany, there is yet an undoubted belief in the loyalty of most of the German-Americans in this country.

One Cent Postage For Cities.

More than fifty bills have been introduced for one cent postage in cities. There is a big effort to put such a measure through, and it is being worked from all over the country.

Wonderful Glass Tubes.

With the aid of an electrical furnace, a London scientist has drawn glass tubes with an outside diameter of but one twenty-five thousandth of an inch.

YOUNG FOLKS' CORNER

Fairy Sponges.

Sometimes on a sunny day
When there are no clouds in sight
The sky appears a dull smoke gray
Instead of blue and bright.

But even while we look and sigh
And long for the lovely blue
Come fairy sponges from afar
And quickly change its hue.

Up in the dull and dusty blue
Wind fairies gather on high.
And with the big, damp, spongelike clouds
They wash and polish the sky.

They push and hurry the shining clouds,
And when we look next day
The busy little wind fairies
Have taken them all away.

But they've left our giant outdoor roof
As blue as a fairy's eyes.
For a fairy sponge is the only thing
To properly clean the skies.

—Philadelphia Record.

How the Banana Tree Grows.

If a good sized, healthy banana tree is cut off a few feet above the ground during the wet season the tree will not die, but nine times out of ten will send up a new shoot from the center of the trunk and will grow fast enough to make up for lost time, for within forty-eight hours it will rear waving green leaves triumphantly above the severed trunk.

The secret lies in the fact that the trunk of a banana tree is not hard and woody like other trees, but is really composed of undeveloped leaves wrapped tightly together in a spiral form. When the tree grows these rolled up leaves push upward and merely unroll. Thus no time is lost in forming buds and growing leaves, as do ordinary trees. When the trunk is cut off it does not interfere with the growth of the leaves, because they are always pushing up from the center of the stalk. Although the banana tree repairs an injury so rapidly and well, the shoot formed from the cut stalk seldom bears fruit or flowers. —St. Nicholas.

A Cipher.

The employer of a few men kept his own accounts and for convenience in paying kept a list of the employees, with their wages by the week and by the single day. To make the list private the amounts were put down in cipher, based on a certain keyword. One afternoon when he had a little leisure, the inquisitive errand boy discovered the list and at once set to work to find out the men's wages.

There were the different rates of the list: Mr. White, P. G. U. S. S. A.; Mr. Shaw, A. R. P. G. G. R.; Mr. Adams, P. U. S. S. I.; Mr. Weeks, Y. P. U. S. A.; Mr. Howard, A. P. Y. P. A. U. R.; Mr. Cross, F. I. S. A. C. S. S.

We haven't so far heard what success the young man had in discovering what the letters stand for, and so we ask if any reader can name the amounts and the rate key.

Answer—The keyword is "Paying rates," each letter representing a figure from 1 to 9. Work it out.

The Game of "It."

The following game is called "It." The leader asks one person to leave the room. He then explains to those remaining that "it" is always the person to the right of the one addressed. The person sent out is then called back and is told that he is to guess what "it" is. He may ask any question of any person. He may ask, "Is it in this room?" "Are you it?" "Is John it?" etc.

If John happens to be the one at the right of the person addressed the latter will say "Yes," but when John is asked if he is "it" he will say "No," as "it" is the person at the right of the one addressed. Thus the mystery deepens and fun ensues.

Dinner Tangles.

After the big dinner the folks wanted some quiet amusement, so one of them proposed that they take paper and pencil and see who would be first and who would untangle most in the game of dinner tangles. Each twisted word or sentence means something useful about home or table. The first tangle when properly placed, reads "turkey." It is fun to try to find the rest. 1. K. u. r. y. e. 2. G. e. e. 3. V. l. e. a. s. t. 4. M. i. c. e. t. a. c. e. 5. L. u. m. p. i. n. g. p. u. d. d. 6. E. l. e. m. i. t. 7. D. a. n. c. y. 8. F. a. t. o. s. p. o. t. 9. S. t. e. e. r. s. D. 9. S. a. p. p. l. e. 10. G. a. y. R. V.

Answers: 1. Turkey; 2. vegetables; 3. ice cream; 4. plum pudding; 5. mice; 6. candy; 7. potatoes; 8. dessert; 9. apples; 10. gravy.

Jumping Letters.

Jump the first letter backward to the end of the word and change the meaning completely.

1. Jump to look intently and find weeds.
2. Jump an insect and find the bit of vegetation under which it was hiding.

3. Jump a rock and find musical sounds.
4. Jump to divide and find animals famous for swiftness.

5. Jump to be bright and alert and find musical instruments.
Answers: 1. Stare-tares; 2. Flea-leaf; 3. Stone-tones; 4. Share-hares; 5. Sharp-harp.

"Passing the Pillow."

For this game there should be about eight or ten players, one of whom is to play the piano. The rest of the players stand in a circle, and when the girl at the piano begins to play they begin to pass a sofa pillow from one to another until the pianist stops. The one who holds the pillow then is out of the game. This is continued until but one player is left, and he or she wins the game.

Protected Against Lightning.

A German microgyrer factory is completely covered with a network of wires, thereby providing a protection against lightning.

MUDHOLES AND RUTS IN ROADS

Some Expedients For Making Them Passable.

DRASTIC THE EARTH HIGHWAYS

Temporary Repairs to Roads Should Be Confined to Emergency Measures. Unusual Conditions, However, Often Occur, and In Such Cases Use of Makeshifts Is Justified.

[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

Temporary repairs to roads are at least should be confined to emergency measures. In proportion to the results obtained temporary work is always expensive and is never justified by ordinary conditions. Unusual conditions, however, often occur to plague the road man. For example, the closing of a main highway to traffic because of construction, repair or wash outs may suddenly throw a heavy traffic for a short time on a little used and probably unimproved highway. Clearly in such a case temporary expedients are legitimate.

The most common troubles met with in a case of this kind are mudholes and ruts if the soil is heavy and dust and loose sand if the soil is light or sandy.

On a clay or gravel road mudholes usually cause the most trouble. As water is absolutely necessary for the existence of a mudhole, any treatment



GOOD TYPE OF ELEVATED TANK.

to place a pitcher or other pump over a sink in the kitchen and extend the suction pipe to the well. The suction lift should not exceed twenty feet or the pump will not operate satisfactorily, if at all. It should also be remembered that water flowing through a pipe meets with considerable resistance due to friction, which increases as the velocity of the water and the length of the pipe increase and as the diameter of the pipe diminishes. Bends and turns in the pipe greatly increase the friction. Pump manufacturers give information in regard to this frictional loss, which should always be considered in arranging a pumping system in the kitchen or elsewhere.

An elevated water supply tank may be placed in the attic, on the roof, or on the windmill tower, on a special tower or on the site. It must be high enough to give the desired pressure at points where the water is used. The tank may be of wood or galvanized metal. Its size will depend on the amount of water used daily in the house. A 250 to 500 gallon tank is sufficient for the average family, although some have a much larger tank, so that a supply sufficient to last several days may be maintained. A larger tank is also necessary where water is supplied to the house and barns.

The simplest system of this kind is one with the tank in the attic or on the roof, supplying water to the kitchen only. When the expense can be afforded a hot water tank connected with the range may be placed in the kitchen and the water plumbing be extended to a bathroom.

The pump for this system must be a force pump, which not only raises water to its own level by suction, but forces it to greater heights, according to the power applied. The pump may be placed over the well or in any other convenient spot as long as the suction lift does not exceed twenty feet. A three way valve on such a pump permits the operator to direct the water to the tank or through the pump spout, as desired. The pump may be operated by hand, but where much water is to be pumped to a considerable height a windmill, a small gas engine or an electric motor will save much time and exertion. If the location of the pump, which should be convenient to the engine, necessitates a long suction line the size of the pipe should be increased and all unnecessary bends or fittings avoided in order to lessen the friction.

The great objection to an elevated tank system is that in the colder climates there is danger of the water in the tank freezing. This is particularly objectionable when the tank is located in the attic, where considerable damage may be caused if it should burst. It is also necessary to provide an especially strong support for the tank. Another objection is that if located in the attic the tank is likely to catch considerable filth. It should in such cases be easily accessible for more or less frequent cleaning. It is well also to cover the tank to prevent, as far as possible, the entrance of dirt and vermin, and when placed on a tower outside it should be covered to prevent the breeding of mosquitoes.

The great advantages of this system are its cheapness and simplicity. All that is needed are a force pump, a storage tank, a pipe from the pump to the tank, a pipe from the tank to the point at which water is used, and accompanying fixtures. The tank should have an overflow pipe, particularly if located in the attic.

Seems Unfair.

There's only one way to acquire wisdom, but when it comes to making a fool of yourself you have your choice of a million different ways.

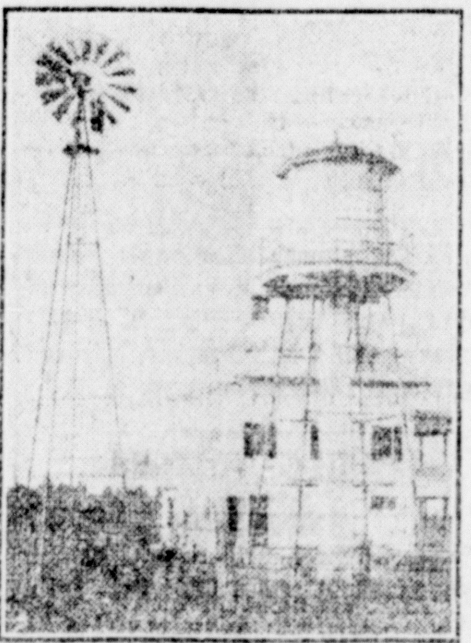
Farm and Garden

COMFORT FOR FARM WOMEN

The Simplest Way of Getting Running Water Into the Kitchen.
[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

The convenience and comfort of having running water at least in the kitchen and in the bathroom if possible are so well recognized that engineering specialists of the United States department of agriculture have been giving attention to the simplest as well as to the more expensive methods of having the farm housewife the carrying of water in buckets from the well or spring up the porch steps and through doors into the house.

Almost any system of obtaining running water in the kitchen is better than none at all. If the well or cistern is located within a short distance of the house about the simplest and perhaps the cheapest method is



GOOD TYPE OF ELEVATED TANK.

to place a pitcher or other pump over a sink in the kitchen and extend the suction pipe to the well. The suction lift should not exceed twenty feet or the pump will not operate satisfactorily, if at all. It should also be remembered that water flowing through a pipe meets with considerable resistance due to friction, which increases as the velocity of the water and the length of the pipe increase and as the diameter of the pipe diminishes. Bends and turns in the pipe greatly increase the friction. Pump manufacturers give information in regard to this frictional loss, which should always be considered in arranging a pumping system in the kitchen or elsewhere.

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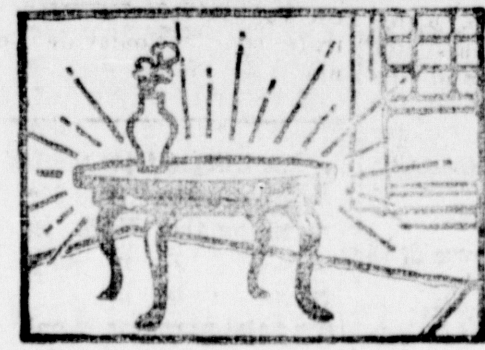
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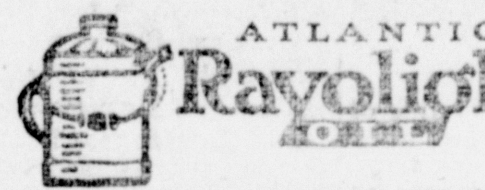
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Mahogany Glistens



-when polished with



Getting Up Before the House is Warm

Isn't any hardship when a Perfection Smokeless Heater is in the room. Keep it beside the bed. Light it a few minutes before rising and the room will be comfortably warm. For best results use Atlantic Rayolight Oil. Ask your dealer about Perfection Smokeless Heaters.



PROUD of your fine furniture, aren't you? And you want to keep it shiny new, unmarred by dust or spots or finger marks. The simple, sure way is to go over each piece every week or so with a soft cloth dampened with Atlantic Rayolight Oil. That'll keep it just as good as new.

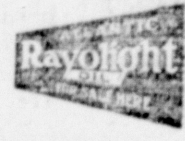
You'll bless the day you commenced using Atlantic Rayolight Oil. You'll find it of the greatest help in keeping things spick and span.

Many a housewife has told us how she made wash day lots easier and the clothes much whiter by using a quarter of a cup of Atlantic Rayolight Oil with the water in the wash boiler. Others have written us that for cutting grease nothing equals Atlantic Rayolight Oil, that it is excellent for cleaning hair brushes and combs, and that when sprinkled along cracks and crevices, ants and bugs disappear.

Atlantic Rayolight Oil has lightened the work in hundreds of homes. But be sure you get Atlantic Rayolight Oil, for ordinary, unnamed kerosene is liable to disappoint you.

Just as Atlantic Rayolight Oil is best for household purposes, it excels for lighting and heating. Carefully refined until every impurity has been removed, it burns without smoking up chimneys, without charring wicks, without a jot of smell. But it burns slowly, shedding a soft, white, flickerless light. When used in heater and stove, it radiates an intense and economical heat.

Buy it from the dealer who displays this sign



and ask for it by name

What's also important is that it costs no more than ordinary impure, unreliable kerosene.

ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Philadelphia and Pittsburgh

ATLANTIC
Rayolight
OIL

Lawyer's Good Thing.
"Seems to me that the lawyers have it easy in life." "Why so?" "The rest of us have to surmount our own obstacles. But if a lawyer strikes one, he applies to some judge and has it set aside." —Louisville Courier Journal.

Great Value of Exercise.
It is exercise alone that supports the spirits and keeps the mind in vigor. —Cicero.

Optimistic Thought.
Better be without food than without hope.

FLAT For Rent

Two Flats for rent after April 1st.

APPLY TO

Dr. J. P. Dalby

LOST

BUGGY LID, on Biglerville road between Gettysburg and Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Crossing. Finder please return to

Charles Carey,
R 5, Gettysburg.

ENTERTAINMENT

The Biglerville Library Association will give an Old Fashioned Concert, including a short Play and other numbers.

In Thomas Hall Biglerville, Pa.

FEBRUARY 5, 1916.

Admission 10 and 20 cents

HAVE YOU BEEN HERE?

The first days of our great sale have far exceeded our expectations. It has been a Howling Success. Crowds came, they saw, they were pleased. They purchased and sounded our praises to their friends, we now still have a few days and bargains await you here at every turn.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

CUT!! CUT!! CUT!!

This is what you may term a straight forward price Reduction Sale.

IF YOU MISS IT, YOU'LL BE SURE TO REGRET IT.

LEWIS E. KIRSSIN,

Balto. Md.

Gettysburg, Pa.

WON'T INTERVENE IN MEXICO

Mr. Wilson Unmoved by Efforts in Congress.

TO GIVE CARRANZA CHANGE

Resolution in Senate Directs the President to Set Up New Government.

Washington, Jan. 15.—President Wilson's cabinet decided that the present policy of the government toward Mexico would be maintained and that General Carranza would be depended on to punish the Villa bandits who killed sixteen American citizens and three other persons in western Chihuahua Monday.

No formal announcement was made, but officials close to the president declared the administration had no intention of armed intervention in Mexico at present. The view was reiterated that Carranza should have an opportunity to demonstrate his ability to restore order. This was encouraged by a telegram from Carranza, promising every effort to run down the bandits.

The attacks on the administration in the senate and house were gone over at the meeting and Secretary of State Lansing presented reports from the border. It was generally agreed that beyond making the representations already sent to Carranza, with which he has promised to comply, no further steps should be taken at present. Whether the cabinet was united in this view was not disclosed.

The Mexican situation was discussed again in congress. Senator Works, Republican of California, introduced a resolution authorizing and directing the president to intervene in Mexico to establish and maintain a government there, until it is safe to withdraw.

"Up to this time," said Senator Works, "congress has permitted all responsibility for conducting in Mexico to rest upon the president. It is too grave a responsibility. We have all sympathized with the president, with the hope that conditions would right themselves without intervention. I very much doubt now that such a peaceful outcome is possible."

"Congress alone has the right to declare war, and that is what intervention means. Congress should courageously shoulder the responsibility. There is no reason to divide the responsibility with other nations, or to impose it upon the president. I ask that the resolution be referred to the foreign relations committee, with the hope that it will take prompt action. The resolution was so referred."

Senator Lodge submitted the same resolution he offered April 21, 1914, as a substitute for the resolution the Senate then adopted, authorizing the president to use armed forces in Mexico to enforce its demands upon General Huerta, and asked that it be reprinted in the Record.

"That resolution," said Senator Lodge, "expressed the Republican attitude regarding the war against Huerta. That war has reached a successful termination, inasmuch as Mr. Huerta has just died in jail."

Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee, defended the course of the administration.

"On this occasion, more than any time in the last five years," said he, "we should not try to embroil our government with Mexico. We ought to aid Carranza to establish a government firmly, to maintain order. Can it be we are going to co-operate with Villa and Zapata to help overturn this government before it is established?"

"I do not believe a Senator on the Republican side would vote for war if this is to be partisan politics. We are going into as a result of these resolutions. I am here to say that the president of the United States is too big to involve so much life and property in war for politics."

"If we were capable of it, the best thing that could happen to him and the Democratic party politically would be to have war with Mexico and also with Europe. With such war raging next November, the chances of the president being re-elected would be enhanced a hundred fold."

"But the president is not built that way. He will not drag a great international question of this kind into the mire of partisan politics. The American people are behind President Wilson, to preserve peace and peacefully to aid in establishing a government in unhappy Mexico."

Indemnity for Austrians and Turks.
Washington, Jan. 15.—President Wilson, in an informal message to congress, urged the immediate appropriation of \$1,000 to pay indemnities to Austro-Hungary and Turkey for subjects of those nations killed in rioting in Omaha, Neb., in 1909. "The amount should have been paid as a matter of grace, regardless of the liability of the United States," said the president's letter.

Peace With Victory, Czar Says.
London, Jan. 15.—Reut's Petrograd correspondent says that Emperor Nicholas, in an imperial order to the Russian army and navy on the occasion of the Russian new year's day, proclaimed that there can be no peace without victory, and that victory must be won whatever the cost.

Optimistic Thought.
A well-regulated home is a millstone on a small scale.

ARREST 5 GERMANS, 2 AT DUPONT PLANT

All But One Accused of Deserting Interned Ship.

Philadelphia, Jan. 15.—The police and government agents of this city arrested five Germans. Two of the men were taken into custody at the Bancroft mills of the duPont Powder Company, Wilmington, near the Hagley Yard mills, where several explosions have occurred, but it is believed they are entirely innocent of connection with these.

The government agents arrested four of the five men, all in Wilmington, and at a hearing at the immigration station at Gloucester, N. J., they were paroled on their own recognizance, to appear if necessary.

The four men were arrested as deserters from interned German ships, and the only charge against them was entering the country illegally. Officials say they probably will be given the necessary credentials, and allowed to go their way.

The men are Karl August Altmann, Emil Klappstein and Carl Arthur Grohmann, from the German steamship Kiel, interned at Wilmington, N. C., and Friedrich Kruger, of the steamship Rhein, now at Baltimore.

The man arrested by the Philadelphia police is John Hulse, twenty-five years old, Francis street near Ridge avenue.

Two of the deserters got employment at the Bancroft mills and the other two got work aboard the United States dredge Minquas, which is dredging the Delaware River around Forts Dupont and Delaware.

Several months ago there was a general breaking away of men from interned ships along the Atlantic coast. A number have been retaken, but certain men, more important because of their knowledge, have been at large.

WAGE RAISE FOR OVER 30,000

Minnesota and Michigan Companies Gladden Miners and Steel Workers.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 15.—All the larger mining companies operating in Minnesota and Michigan iron ranges have announced an increase of approximately 10 per cent. in wages of all miners effective February 1.

The increase will affect about 22,000 employees of the United States Steel Corporation, The Great Northern Ore Company, Republic Iron and Steel and Pickands and Mather companies have followed the steel corporation's example, and from 8,000 to 10,000 of their men will be benefited.

BOLD DAYLIGHT ROBBERY

Two Men Smash Window and Escape With \$3000 Worth of Gems.

Philadelphia, Jan. 15.—While the usual home-bound crowd was in evidence two well-dressed men sidled up to the jewelry store of Samuel S. Haas, 1738 Market street, and as they kept his eye on a mounted patrolman a square away, the other threw a brick through the back window, and a instant later was making his escape with \$3000 worth of diamonds.

These he stuffed in his pocket while a dozen persons watched him in amazement. Tired No. 2 went with a partner. They escaped.

Mr. Haas was in the cellar of the store at the time of the robbery and is brother Joseph L. was at a desk in the rear of the store. Both heard the noise of breaking glass, but thought an automobile tire had burst and paid no attention to it until they heard the voices of the crowd about the broken window.

A brick crapped in newspaper had been thru the window through the center of the window.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA.—FLOUR quiet; winter wheat, \$5.40@5.55; city mills, \$6.75@7.15.

RYE FLOUR—Firm; per barrel, \$5.75@6.00.

WHEAT firm; No. 2 red new, \$3.25@3.30.

CORN firm; No. 2 yellow 83¢@84¢.

OATS steady; No. 2 white, 52¢@53¢.

POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 16¢@18¢; old roosters, 12¢@12½¢. Dressed steady; choice fowls, 18¢@18½¢; old roosters, 13¢.

BUTTER firm; Fancy creamery, 36¢ per lb.

EGGS steady; Selected, 40¢@42¢; nearby, 38¢; western, 38¢.

Cattle Market.

CHICAGO.—HOGS—slow, 10¢ high; bulk, \$6.55@7; light, \$6.50@6.55; mixed, \$6.60@7.10; heavy, \$6.90@7.10; rough, \$6.60@6.75; pigs, \$5.50@6.50.

CATTLE—easy; native beef cattle, \$4.40@4.55; cows and heifers, \$3.20@3.40; calves, \$7.00@10.50.

SHEEP—weak; wethers, \$7.00@7.50; lambs, \$8.00@10.50.

Dietetic Value of Onions.
Some dietetic experts believe that onions have a pronounced medicinal value, and that persons who eat them regularly are less liable to infectious diseases. There is no doubt whatever of the excellent effect which onions have upon the complexion.

Time to Lie Still.

"Can you play dead in a battle scene?" "Dat's easy." "Not so easy as you think. You mustn't jump when the cannon are fired over your prostrate body."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

PUBLIC SALE

ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1916.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, will sell at his residence in Mt. Joy Township, Adams County, situated on the road leading from Harney to Greencourt, about a mile north of Harney, the following described personal property:

THREE HEAD OF HORSES
Gray mare, 8 years old, works wherever hitched and is a good driver; sorrel mare, 6 years old, works anywhere hitched except the lead and is a good driver, fearless of all road objects; bay mare, 6 years old, off-side worker and a good driver.

FOUR HEAD OF CATTLE
Two milk cows; red cow, carrying her fourth calf; Holstein carrying her second calf. Two bulls; one of them fit for service. FOUR SHOATS, will weigh about 125 pounds apiece.

FARM IMPLEMENTS
Champion wagon, two ton capacity, and bed holding 80 bushels; Empire grain drill, forced feed, used but one season; Osborne binder, 6 ft. cut, in good running order; McCormick hay rake, used one season; check row corn planter, checker attachment, in good planting condition; John Deer corn worker; 17 tooth harrow and roller combined, used one season; 17 tooth lever harrow; furrow plow; rubber tire buggy, S. D. Mehring make; single, double, and triple trees; jockey sticks; breast chains; forks; hay fork; three sets of front gears; collars; bridles; pair of check lines; set of buggy harness.

ABOUT SEVENTY FIVE CHICKENS. About TWO HUNDRED BUSHELS OF CORN ON THE EAR and other articles too numerous to mention.

Twelve months credit will be given on all sums of \$5.00 and over by purchasers giving their notes with approved security. Less amounts cash. Five per cent off for cash.

Sale to start at 1 o'clock.
JOHN J. YEALY,
L. N. Lightner, Auct.

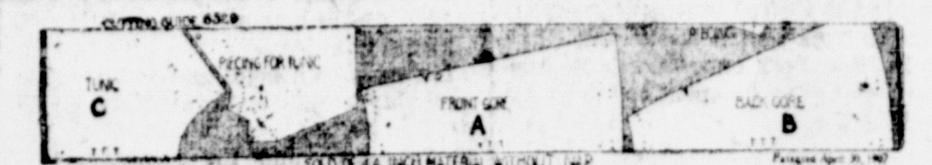
Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper
by Pictorial Review

New Drapery of Pleasing Effect.



A new model for a draped skirt with high waist-line. Chiffon broadcloth combined with crepe Georgette is an effective combination for the skirt.



Pictorial Review Skirt No. 6529. Sizes 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist. Price, 15 cents.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

The Soup Kettle.

DELICIOUS PEA SOUP.—Put one and one-half pints of milk in a double boiler in little water may be added if desired, add one can of peas mashed through a strainer and one onion cut in quarters. When ingredients have boiled about ten minutes add a pinch of salt, half teaspoonful of salt, a small piece of butter and one tablespoonful of flour (more if thick soup is desired) mixed smooth with cold water. Boil about ten minutes longer.

Cream of Celery Soup.—Take one head of celery, wash stalks thoroughly and chop fine. Put into granite stew-pan and cover with cold water, add a lump of soda as large as a hazel nut; let boil until it is perfectly tender, perhaps twenty minutes, then add salt to taste and a quart of rich milk. Thicken slightly with one tablespoonful of flour stirred up with a little milk. Add pepper, a small piece of butter and a spoonful of whipped cream.

Pepper Pot Soup.—Three quarts of stock, one pound of boiled tripe cut in cubes, one cupful dried potatoes, one tablespoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of white pepper, one teaspoonful of sweet marjoram, one teaspoonful of chopped parsley and two tablespoonfuls of chopped onion.

Put the stock on to boil, then add the tripe and potatoes. Boil one and one-half hours. Then add the dumplings, salt, pepper, marjoram, onion and parsley. Boil fifteen minutes.

Dumplings.—Sift one-half cupful of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder and a pinch of salt into bowl, add one-fourth cupful of milk slowly. Just board with flour, roll out the dough and then cut into small cubes with a sharp knife. Add to the soup.

Green Split Pea Soup. Two cupfuls of split peas, two tablespoonfuls of finely cut onions, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one tablespoonful of flour, one tablespoonful of salt, one-eighth teaspoonful of paprika, one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley, one teaspoonful of dried thyme, one teaspoonful of dried celery leaves, one cupful of milk.

The peas are washed and put in Boston bean pot the evening before with six cupfuls of cold water. Next day if for evening dinner put the bean pot in oven at 12 o'clock. Do not drain. Put the onion in at once and put on the lid and forget the pot until 3 o'clock. Remove cover and add as much water to the peas as has boiled away. Stir with wooden spoon, cover and return to oven; then add all seasonings, flour and butter. Add milk last. Serve at 6:30.

Facts Versus Fallacies

FACT is a real state of things. FALLACY is an apparently genuine but really illogical statement or argument.

WEST VIRGINIA is a Prohibition State.
It is not lawful to make, sell or buy liquor in West Virginia.

YET to prove that Prohibition does not prohibit, and that all it does is to prevent the legalized and regulated sale of liquor, the clipping to the left is offered as proof. This news item was sent broadcast throughout the United States by the Associated Press on March 12th.

TWO boys, one a mere child, engaging in the unlawful manufacture of liquor in a State given over to Prohibition, presents a picture that makes every right-thinking man and woman grieve. For we must look beyond the fact of two babes in the woods making liquor to the CON-

DITIONS that make such an act possible.

IT IS the old, old story over again—deny a man that which he takes as his right and he will go to extreme lengths to combat your interference.

MANY, many times it has been demonstrated that lawlessness and drunkenness follow in the wake of Prohibition—that the only difference between a "dry" and a "wet" State is that one imbibes secretly, the other openly.

IT IS A FALLACY to think that Prohibition prohibits. It is a FACT that the temperate use of alcoholic beverages tends to the building up of a lawful community.

Pennsylvania State Brewers' Association

Gulls Good Scavengers.

Gulls are economically important. Along the coasts of the United States they act as sea scavengers. Inland, they render important services; especially to agriculture. In at least one big inland city a monument has been erected to gulls for their achievements.

Wireless Telephone.

The special feature of the wireless telephone is the freedom from distortion with which it transmits speech and this taken with its elimination of the maintenance expense, indicates a commercial future for the method when the apparatus shall reach a point of sufficient development.

Common Case.

"I wouldn't go out at the end of every act, my boy. Beastly bad form." "I don't go out to drink. I telephone home and get bulletins from the maid about the condition of the pan under the box. My wife can't enjoy the opera unless she knows there is no danger of that pan running over."

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Even the truth doesn't help Father

White Sale

G. W. WEAVER & SON
Gettysburg, Pa.

Dry Goods
Department Store

WHITE GOODS
SALE NOW ON

The great disparity of higher prices on raw cotton between now and some months ago created very strong price advances on all kinds of Cotton Fabrics since June 1915.

We had placed heavy orders for Heavy Cottons, such as MUSLINS and BED MUSLINS, SHEETS, CASES &c., LONG CLOTHS and CAMBRICS to reach near January 1st, 1916. Also MANUFACTURED MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, wherever they could be had at or near old prices.

The price is no likelihood in the judgment of those close to the primary market of any lower prices on Raw Materials this year. Added to the present price of Raw Cotton the higher wages paid everywhere in Textile Mills makes us able to give assurances that our present prices, on every character of Cotton Goods now affected, cannot be duplicated again this season.

... THE LEADERS ...

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS

G. W. WEAVER & SON

... GET YOUR ...

Sale Cards FREE

... AT ...

The Times Office

Until further notice the Times will print 500 Sale Cards absolutely FREE of charge for every public sale advertiser whose bill amounts to \$5.00 or more.

There are no restrictions to the offer. The Times charges the same rate for advertising as that charged by the other County papers. It reaches twice as many people as any other paper and in addition will print your Cards without charge.

If your sale is small and the advertising charge does not amount to \$5.00 the cards may be secured at the same rate charged at other places.

In Addition:

Your work will be done the way you want it.

The job will be delivered when promised.

The workmanship will never be slighted.

Onions at Their Best.
Onions are at their best when boiled whole in milk, or when steamed. When prepared in either of these ways and eaten with bread and butter and cheese they make a satisfying and nutritious meal on which you can do brain work or manual labor.

Hard Situation.
"I'm in a difficulty over my girl." "What's wrong?" "I've been getting such nice things to her that she's getting conceited. If I quit she'll think I don't care for her any longer, and if I go on she'll think she's too good for me."—Puck.

MANY AMERICANS KILLED IN MEXICO

Garranza Asked to Prevent a
Repetition of Crimes.

VILLA BANDS RESPONSIBLE.

List of Outrages Against Americans or American Property in That Republic During the Past Two Years. Latest Assassination of Fifteen Miners Arouses State Department.

Following the assassination of fifteen Americans by a band of Villa's bandits in Mexico, strong representations will be made to the Carranza government to take more drastic steps to prevent a repetition of the crime. The slain men were all miners and were taken from a railroad train near Chihuahua, lined up, stripped and shot by a band of 200 Mexicans.

This government will hold Carranza responsible for the outrage and will insist that bands roaming about the northern part of Mexico be broken up in some manner. Nearly 100 Americans have been reported killed in Mexico in the last two years. Following is a list of some of the crimes against Americans or American property:

April 24—Three Americans reported killed at Sotaled by General Maas; four reported killed in Mexico City.

April 25—American club attacked, Mexico City; wife and child of Joseph Smith reported killed by bandits.

May 6—Williams and White, Americans, killed at Jalisco.

May 8—Two Americans killed, two wounded in federal attack on Chino mines.

May 9—Killing of six Americans at Tuxtla Yucatan.

May 11—C. B. Hoadley reported killed at El Favor mines.

May 20—Western Burwell reported killed.

June 4—Thirty Americans reported killed near Tuxpan June 4.

Aug. 10—American vice consular residence at Parial stoned, wholesale confiscation of American property by rebels reported; assistance for Catholic nuns and priests asked of state department.

Oct. 2—Mexican soldiers seize money of Real del Monte mine (American); Mexican shells damage American property in Naco, Ariz.; appeals made to Wilson for protection; seven Americans wounded.

Nov. 18—United States Customs Inspector R. H. Williams wounded by Mexican bullets in Naco; five others also wounded.

Dec. 2—Ennis, American, shot near Puerto Mexico.

Dec. 4—Bodies of three Americans murdered by bandits recovered at Chocolate Pass.

Dec. 5—J. Cervantes, American citizen, reported killed on Chamberlain estate at Cerritos.

March 11—John B. McManus of Chicago assassinated in Mexico City. American flag over home defiled.

April 1—Baron Smith, Houston, Tex., and Roscoe Billings, Americans, reported killed near Mexico City.

April 2—Two thousand Americans in Mexico City appeal for aid through representative.

April 4—Ten foreigners and one American reported killed.

Dec. 21—Three Americans killed by Villa soldiers soon after his arrival at Madera.

Jan. 10—P. Keane, Hearst ranch bookkeeper, killed by Villa soldiers.

Jan. 11—Fifteen Americans taken from train and shot by Villa's men.

CHINA RAISING ARMY.

Teuton Officers Training Millions. Returned Traveler Reports.

"China now has an army of 1,000,000 men under arms and within the next ten years will have a standing army of about 2,000,000 men and a reserve army of 10,000,000 men," said Captain Cushing A. Rice, U. S. A., retired, son of ex-Governor Rice of Minnesota, who has just returned to the United States from the orient and is in Denver visiting friends. He says that China has awakened to the necessity of a military strength sufficient to protect her from covetous enemies.

"Yuan Shih Kai," he says, "is going about as rapidly as he can, and the 1,000,000 soldiers already under training show what he can do. These soldiers were trained and drilled by German and Austrian officers. Most of the soldiers are from the northern part of China and are big, husky fellows."

"On my visit to Japan I found the people to be friendly to the United States. Whatever feeling Japan had against Americans has died out with the realization that other white countries are making similar objections to Japanese immigration that have been made in this country."

Captain Rice's home is in Havana. When in the United States, unless traveling, he lives at the Army and Navy club in New York city. While in Australia and China he spent much of his time hunting.

THIS IS A HEALTHY TOWN.

Only the Very Old Seem to Die in North Hempstead, N. Y.

North Hempstead, in New York state, where William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Payne Whitney, Howard Gould, Clarence H. MacKay and other prominent New Yorkers live, is the healthiest town in the state, according to the annual report of Dr. J. H. Bogert, health officer.

While the population is more than 23,000, there have been only 180 deaths during the year. Of this number fifty-five were more than sixty years old, eighteen were eighty, and one was 101. The total death rate of the town was 9.94 a thousand. The rate of the state was about fourteen a thousand. The number of births in 1915 was 485. There was only one suicide during the year.

Should Use All Faculties.

Everything that a man undertakes to produce, whether by action, word or in whatsoever way, ought to spring from the union of all his faculties.—Goethe.

Tom Buford's Awakening

By ALFRED TOWNE

There is nothing that will start a man so quickly and so thoroughly to make a push forward in the world as finding himself engaged to be married with little or nothing to marry on. Tom Buford was a reporter on a western paper, but he barely managed to hold his position. He said he didn't like reporting; it wasn't a pleasant occupation; it required a man of cheek and he was of a retiring disposition. Some day he meant to get out of it.

Then he did what everybody considered a foolish thing. For a brief period he considered it a foolish thing, himself. He courted a nice girl, proposed to her and was accepted.

The morning Tom Buford awoke after the bliss of receiving the answer he had considered essential almost to his life he lay wondering what had possessed him. Had he been in his senses or had he escaped from a lunatic asylum? Unable to maintain himself respectfully, he had invited a girl to share his inactivity. More, he would probably bring children into the world with the prospect of starvation before them. Either this or they would grow up to get a living as best they could and would likely turn out jailbirds but it was too late now to go back. He had spoken. The contract was signed, sealed and delivered.

"See here, old man," he said to himself, "you've got to get a move on you."

He arose, dressed himself and went to the office. The city editor said to him:

"Buford, last night a steamboat on the Mississippi was blown up and sunk. Somebody's got to go and get the facts. You're the only man available, and you're too slow. You'd let every paper in town get the story and we have nothing."

"Just you try me."

The editor looked up in surprise. "Very well; you can get the afternoon through train. But, mind, you must send me something for tomorrow morning's issue—not later than 2 a. m."

Buford hurried to the station without calling for baggage and caught the express. But no sooner had the train started than he learned that it didn't stop within many miles of the point he wished to get off. He told the conductor that he must stop for him, but the conductor declined. However, later on he told Buford that a division superintendent was on the train, and if Tom could get an order from him to stop it would be all right. Tom did so and late at night was put off at the station at which he wished to stop. Luckily the telegraph office was open and, rushing into it, he asked the operator if he would remain there till he came back from the scene of the disaster, which was several miles away. The operator promised, and the reporter started to walk the distance.

Reaching a point where a number of the survivors were to be found, he roused several of them out of bed, got the "story" and walked back to the telegraph office. It was dark as Erebus. The operator had got tired waiting and gone home.

The prospect of sending his matter in time was as dark as the telegraph office. He must get into the office and get an operator. Without both all his work would be for nothing. He walked about in the village and, meeting a man who knew, was told that the operator lived some miles away. There was no way of getting him and no time to spend on doing so.

Tom returned to the station and walked back and forth in a frenzy. Presently he saw something leaped up against the side of the station. He went up to it and saw that it was a tramp asleep. Tom kicked him and awakened him.

"Get up," said Tom, "and go for the telegraph man and I'll give you a five dollar bill."

"Do you want an operator?" he asked.

"Yes, I do, as quick as I can get him."

"I was an operator myself before, run got me down. If you can get in there I'll send your message."

"You will? Good."

Tom looked about till he found a heavy stick, with which he smashed the glass of the window. Then they crawled in, lighted a lamp, and the tramp sent the message. When the last word had been dispatched Tom looked at his watch. It was half past 1 in the morning.

He went to a hotel and to bed. The next day at the station, before he departed, he left enough money to pay for damages and the message, then started for home. He reached the office in the afternoon.

"We got your story," said the city editor, "and we were the only paper in town that had any account of the disaster."

Tom told him about his aspirations, and when he had finished the editor said:

"What's the matter with you, any way? Where did all this sudden display of energy come from?"

"I've got a girl."

"Oh, you have, eh? Well, I guess you'll need a raise. I'll speak to the owners about you."

Tom got his raise, and he got something better than a raise. He got a sensible, frugal wife, who was an excellent manager in every way. He turned his newly excited energy and the wife he had a success. He now owns the newspaper.

Why He Went.

"Do you go to Sunday school every Sunday, my little man?" "Sure, pa won't let me go to the movies if I don't."—New York World.

MEN ARE FINDING

BIG BARGAINS AT OUR 20 PER CENT. OFF SALE

Our line of Men's, Young Men's and Boy's Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings are going fast.

The only way to know whether we have what you want is to come and see.

Do It! But Don't Delay. Now is The Time.

O. H. LESTZ,

"THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES"

Corner Square and Carlisle Street.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS.



You must have heard about SAL-VET, the great worm destroyer and conditioner—how it has saved millions of dollars for live stock owners—how it has proved a god-send to worm-infested live stock—how it has stopped the losses from worms and furnished the farmer a weapon that has no equal with which to fight live stock diseases. Now you can buy it from our dealer whose name is given below, on an absolute guarantee to do all claimed for it, or money back. On such terms you can't afford to be without.

The Great
WORM
Destroyer

SAL-VET

The Great
LIVE STOCK
Conditioner

A. H. LOUCKS, Aurelia, Iowa, says: "After using SAL-VET, I find it possesses the essentials to a good stock remedy: 1st—its easiness to feed 2nd—the fact that it is effective for all kinds of stock. 3rd—its low cost. Am very well pleased with the results."

You can't afford to run the risk of loss—to let your stock suffer from worms—to let the worms eat up your feed and profits, when you can get this wonderful remedy on such a guarantee. Let us show you what it has done for others, how it will pay you to feed SAL-VET. You can save both time and freight charges when you buy at home.

Gettysburg Department Store
GETTYSBURG PA.

Be Sure Of Having Money Next Christmas

Begin Merry Christmas for 1916 now by joining The Christmas Club at the Gettysburg National Bank which opens the Week of December 20, 1915

There are a number of classes of savings, any one of which you may join.

If you will call at the Bank we will gladly explain to you our plan. Every member of the family may join. The plan has been tried and is a success and makes your Christmas a happy one.

THE GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Syracuse "Easy" Vacuum Washer



is doing wonders for many in the way of making wash day easy. Saving of their clothes, labor, time and money. Air pressure and vacuum suction. No pins, no corrugated boards. Takes less water. The satisfaction it is giving others it will give you. Order one. You run no risk. It not pleased your money back. The "Easy" comes in three models, gasoline, hand and water power. Write for Booklet today.

DAVID KNOUSS

Arendtsville, Pa.

FUNKHOUSER'S

Specials in every department during this month. You can find bargains of all kinds, to prepare for our Semi-Annual Inventory.

ALWAYS LEADING

Funkhouser's

"The Home Of Fine Clothes"

FOR SALE

Fat hogs, shoats and a fresh cow.

L. D. PLANK

United Phone GETTYSBURG